THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY ALBERT PIKE & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1868. VOL. XVIII.—NO. 290

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

CONDENSED DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Brownsville, June Term, 1868.

BY H. CLAY KING, ESQ.

No. 33.—Friedlander vs. Pollock.

This was an action by original attachment at law, based on two grounds: 1st. That the defendant was removing his property out of the State; 2d. That the defendant was about to remove his property out of the State. The defendant appeared and moved the Court to transfer the cause to the Circuit Court of the United States for this District, which was disallowed. He then filed a plea in abatement traversing the grounds of attachment. The cause was submitted to the jury on the issues raised by the plea in abatement. The plea in abatement was signed by the defendant, to which appeared the certificate of the clerk that the plea was sworn to by the defendant.

Held: 1. That in cases by original attachment, it is the attachment which gives jurisdiction to the Court, and when that is defeated by sustaining the plea in abatement, the whole case goes out of Court, and there can be no judgment against the defendant for the debt or demand.

2. An application to remove the cause to the United States Court was not such an appearance to the cause as would prevent the defendant from availing himself of his plea in abatement.

3. Under Code, 2863, the Court will look to the substance of the plea rather than the form to determine whether it be a good plea.

4. But the Code being silent as to the mode of verifying the plea, the affidavit of the defendant must appear in writing. The certificate of the clerk that it was sworn to is not sufficient.

5. It is not necessary that a "removing of property," or being "about to remove property out of the State," should be with a fraudulent intent to justify the suing out the writ of attachment.

6. A permanent removal of the debtor's property out of the State, not leaving enough within the State for the satisfaction of the claims of his creditors, will authorize an attachment.

7. And, if it be shown that he was about to make such removal, an attachment will lie.

8. Proof that the defendant after the suing out of the attachment did actually remove his property, is competent to support the issue that he was "about to remove his property" at the date of the attachment.

No. 34.—Roberts vs. Cox. John Montgomery's will.

John Montgomery died leaving a wife and no children. His will probated in common form, contains the following clause: "I give to my wife all of my lands that I am in possession of at my death, with all the household, kitchen furniture, etc. All the above property I give to my wife, to hold during her life; then I wish all the personal estate sold, the lands rented out, and one half of the estate I wish her to have to will and dispose of as she may think proper amongst her family; the other half I wish to go to my brothers and sisters." The wife died without disposing of the land, leaving no children, but leaving brothers and sisters, her heirs at law.

Held: 1. That the testator did not die intestate as to the land.

2. That the testator either intended to give half of his land to his brothers and sisters in remainder, and one half to the family of the wife in remainder, or that the estate was given to the wife in trust, one half to his brothers and sisters, and one half to her family, subject to her life estate, with power of sale. In either event, after her death, the result would be the same—one half going to his brothers and sisters, and one half to the family of the wife.

3. That in this case the term "family" means the heirs at law of the wife, who are her brothers and sisters; and that the devise to them is not void by reason of uncertainty.

No. 35.—Nokes vs. State.

Nokes was convicted of felony in the Shelby Circuit Court, and appealed from the judgment of that Court to this Court. The Judge of the Memphis Municipal admitted the prisoner to bail, and took from him a bond to appear in the Circuit Court at a term succeeding the decision of the case by the Supreme Court. The prisoner failed to appear in the Supreme Court.

Held: That the action of the Judge of the Municipal was unauthorized by law, and the proceeding void. And a capias will now issue from this Court for the arrest of the prisoner.

No. 36.—Hardin vs. Green.

Mrs. Green, a married woman, gave her note to Yerger for fees for legal services rendered in defending a suit brought against her separate estate, stipulating in the note that she binds her separate estate to the payment thereof. Hardin, assignee of Yerger, brings this bill to subject the separate estate to the satisfaction of the note. She resisted on the ground that the deed creating her separate estate gave her no power to bind it for any debt she might contract.

Held; That independent of the terms of the settlement deed, and her power thereunder to contract, the separate estate of a married woman is liable for the value of any services rendered, or expenses incurred, necessarily in the defense, protection and preservation of the estate.

No. 37.—Polk vs. Pledge.

Pulliam and others purchased negro slaves in 1861, at a sale by the Clerk and Master in this case. The slaves were delivered to the purchasers, and their notes taken for the purchase money. The sale was reported to the Court, but was not confirmed—no action being taken on it. The war intervened, and the slaves were emancipated by act of the State, in the Convention of 1865. The purchasers now resist the confirmation of the sale, and ask to be relieved from the payment of the purchase money. On whom shall the loss fall?

Held: 1. The practice of conducting Chancery sales in America being so different from that of England, that the English rule on the subject is no authority here. There the sale is private, the Master opens the bidding in his office, receives bids, and reports the highest bidder to the Court, when the contract of purchase and sale is completed, and possession delivered. Here the sale is by public outcry, and the property delivered on the purchaser complying with the terms of sale, by paying the money or executing notes for the price. This is such a contract of sale that the Court may enforce against the purchaser against his consent. And, in case the property has been delivered to the purchaser, and he has executed his notes for the purchase money, public policy and justice require that he be considered and held to be the owner thereof—at least to the extent, in case of destruction or injury, that the loss be borne by him. The purchasers in this case will be held on their purchases.

No. 38.—State vs. Conner.

Indictment for larceny—stealing bank notes from Davis & Foute. To this indictment Conner pleaded that he had been put in jeopardy once for the same offense. It appeared that he had been previously indicted for stealing the same property, the indictment laying the title in Davis alone; that under that indictment the prisoner had been arraigned, a jury elected and sworn, and the evidence heard, when the attorney for the State entered a *nolle prosequi* against the consent of the prisoner, when the jury were discharged, and this second indictment preferred, laying the title to the bank notes in Davis & Foute, partners.

Held: 1. When the indictment is bad, a *nolle prosequi* will not bar a second indictment, because no judgment can be pronounced on a verdict under an invalid indictment, and hence there can be no jeopardy under it.

2. Where the indictment is valid, and a jury has been elected and sworn, the jeopardy to the prisoner is reached, and except in case of *legal necessity*, the jury cannot be discharged against the consent of the prisoner; and if so discharged, the prisoner's constitutional rights are violated, and he cannot again be indicted for the same offense.

3. The same strictness as to the existence of the legal necessity does not exist in cases not capital cases. Over each case, for the attainment of the ends of public justice, the Court has a larger discretion in entering a *nolle prosequi* and in the discharge of the jury.

4. Under the Code, 5127, this indictment was valid. The prisoner under it could have been convicted of stealing the property of the partners, although the indictment laid the title in one only, and there appearing no legal necessity for the discharge of the jury in this case, the prisoner cannot again be called to answer the same offense—and he will now stand discharged.

A TRUE PATRIOT.

We find the following in one of our exchanges, and reproduce it here that the example of patriotism which it sets may be the more widely known and perhaps followed. The angers and animosities of the war should have been buried with it, at its close. If all the wrongs done while civil strife raged and men's passions were ungovernable, were to be avenged, feuds and murders would never cease. The sooner the memory of these wrongs dies out—which it will never do until Radicalism is strangled—the better for the whole country:

James Hickman, of Huntsville, some time since brought suit against Gen. Bate, late of the Confederate army, for damages, based on arrest of the complainant by the defendant in 1862, the arrest having been made under military orders.

The suit has recently been withdrawn by Hickman, in the following card:

NASHVILLE, May 25, 1868.

I wish to state that I have discharged a suit commenced by me against Gen. W. B. Bate, in the Circuit Court at Nashville, for damages arising out of my arrest at Huntsville, Alabama, by Gen. Bate, acting under orders from General Bragg, in 1862.

I take pleasure in saying that this step is taken because I am of the opinion that the prosecution of such suits is productive of no good, but much evil, in keeping open the wounds inflicted in the late unfortunate civil war.

I was also a constitutional Union man, and thought and felt that I ought not to have been arrested at the time the suit was brought, but am willing to let bygones be by-gones, and hope that all persons who have instituted similar suits will follow in my footsteps, although my grievances were great.

JAMES HICKMAN.

SET THE BALL IN MOTION.

[All anti-Radical journals are earnestly requested to publish the following Landmarks for one month, and notice. It is the desire of many influential Conservatives to see the organization perfected and extended, as one of the most efficient means of securing a Democratic victory in November:]

LANDMARKS OF THE PEOPLE'S ARMY OF THE UNION.

1. This Army unites and defends the people of all the States and Territeries who are true to the Union under the Constitution, and opposed to negro equality, high taxes, bank and bond-corruptions, Congressional absolutism, military tyranny, and other tenets and practices of the traitorous Radical faction.

2. It consists of companies, regiments, brigades, divisions and corps, under one Lieutenant-General in each State and Territory, commanded by one General-in-Chief, commissioned by the Grand Council and acting according to its edicts and regulations.

3. The Grand Council is composed of two Deputies from each State and one from each Territory, chosen annually by the Councils thereof; and it exercises supreme power in all respects.

4 Each State or Territorial Council is composed of one delegate from each regiment within its jurisdiction, chosen annually by the rank and file thereof; and it exercises all powers not otherwise vested hereby nor prohibited by the Grand Council.

5. The several State and Territorial Councils meet at their Capitals on the first Monday of September, A.D. 1868, and the Grand Council holds its first session at the City of Washington on the fourth Monday of the same month, to perfect the organization and provide for the general welfare of the Army.

X. X. O. X., 1, 3, 7,
Provisional General-in-Chief.
X. X....., O. X., Prov. Adj't-Gen.

Don't Like the Candidate.

A German paper, *Die Zukunft*, radically Radical, which is published at Indianapolis, does not like the idea of Grant in connection with the Presidency. It says:

The Republican party has committed a serious error in placing a man on the ticket, who, if elected to the Presidency, and invested with power, may at any time assume his ancient Democratic standpoint, baffle and counteract the results of the war, as Johnson did. Had Grant openly avowed his political creed, no obvious reason could have been entertained to mistrust him as a traitor to freedom; but as he remained silent, we fear the worst, and hence, as we do not desire to vote for a Johnson No. 2, we will not vote at all.

This paper is in favor of abolishing the Presidency, and as a step in that direction should sustain Grant with all its energy, as he will do more than any one else, to bring the office into disrepute, and to show how easily the country could get along without a President. But it don't like him. It says:

We cannot vote for Grant. This man possesses too much of a dubious character for us to place any faith in him. Before the war he was a Democrat, and in 1861 he declared that "the war was not for the abolition of slavery, but solely for the preservation of the Union; that he would instantly take part on the other side if Southern institutions were molested." He asserted at the same time that he "always had been and would ever remain a Democrat." He did not carry out his threat of going over to the South when the negroes were emancipated.

Taking new courage and still more emboldened, it says:

We will not vote for Grant because the Chicago platform is not a forward, but a retrograde step. We will here only call attention to that plank which declares that negro suffrage must be carried out in the South, but not in the North. By this scurrilous pusillanimity it is sought to inveigle Conservative votes, but this delusion will soon be dispelled. Whoever is opposed to negro suffrage in the North, will wish to see the South exempt from the same blessing.

A New Way of Lying.

No better illustration of the humbug of illustrated newspapers could possibly be afforded, than the imaginary pictures drawn here in New York and given to the public as truthful scenes in the progress of the impeachment trial at Washington. Frank Leslie had a large engraving of the dinner given by Chief Justice Chase, with accurate portraits of the Senators who sat down to it. As it turned out, Chief Justice Chase gave no dinner at all. This, so far from injuring Frank Leslie, is only a proof of his great energy and resource.

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GEORGE M. THEW, ASSIGNEE OF THE President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Augusta, In Equity, Vs. Archibald Boggs and Others, Creditors of said Corporation.

It appearing to the Court, by affidavit filed in pursuance of the rule of Court, that Thomas Branch, James R. Branch, of the State of Virginia; William Dougherty, John A. James, William G. Peters, Clinton J. Brown, Miles G. Dobbins, Lemuel P. Grant, Lewis J. Dupree, Thomas H. Clarke, Benjamin C. Yancey, James S. Hamilton, Stevens Thomas, Albin P. Dearing, Young L. G. Harris, Robert Thomas, Benjamin F. Hardeman, Millege Murphy, William Cline, Charles G. Hillman, Andrew J. Cheevy, John C. Lee, Willis Kilgore, John Carter, William H. Murphy, Jasper N. Pitts, John W. Stewart, all of different counties in the State of Georgia, other than Richmond county; Thomas J. Mackie, of South Carolina; Robert A. Wash, of Missouri; William B Shappard, of Alabama; John Ramage and Hugh McRae, of Tennessee; John D. O'Leary, of Kentucky; and Benjamin F. Allen, of Iowa or Wisconsin; reside out of the county of Richmond, in which the above case which has been filed in the Clerk's office of this Court, returnable to June Term, 1868, of said Court, has originated: It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be served upon the said defendants, or published once a week for six weeks in some public gazette in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, Iowa or Wisconsin, or an acknowledgment of service be obtained from said defendants, and that the said defendants do then appear and answer said bill at the said June Term, 1868, of this Court, or in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed against said defendants, and that said cause do then proceed without them.

GEORGIA, RICHMOND COUNTY,
Clerk's Office, Superior Court:

I, Lafayette McLaws, Clerk of said Court, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the order of said Court, in the case stated, as recorded February 19, 1868, upon the Minutes of the Court folio (625).

Witness my official signature and [SEAL] seal of said Court this 23d day of April, 1868.

LAFAYETTE McLAWS
ma3 law6w Clerk S. C., R. C., Ga.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE undersigned heretofore trading under the name of LEHMAN & CO., Memphis, Tenn., and LEHMAN & JOHNSON, Holly Springs, Miss., give notice that said firms and partnerships are this day dissolved by mutual consent.

CYRUS JOHNSON,
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Memphis, June 16, 1868. je16 5t

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Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
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" Niagara Falls	10:30 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	8:30 p.m.	6:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	3:00 a.m.
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☞ A liberal discount from Price List allowed to Dealers. ALLISON BROTHERS.
June 9, 1868. je9

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EUREKA LIFE-BLOOD ELIXIR

HAS at last made its way into this country, after having been in use in the old world for so many years, and especially in China. The celebrated alchemist and chemist, Dr. Hoperdam, of Pekin, China, has at last consented to his great CHINESE REMEDY being introduced on this continent, and has established a few wholesale agencies for the purpose of supplying all druggists throughout the towns and cities of our country. This great Blood Medicine has performed cures (the most astonishing), where every other remedy known in *Materia Medica* has most signally failed.

It is no Humbug

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But is a preparation which has been brought out after many long years of the deepest research, aided by the greatest chemical science and skill that could be brought to bear in its production, we therefore place it wholly

UPON ITS OWN MERITS,

ASKING THE INVALID OR AFFLICTED TO

TRY IT ONCE

To be fully convinced, as its effects are instantaneous from the first dose taken, entering at once into the blood and penetrating every pore of the whole body, driving out every impurity from the whole system, and creating instead *PURE LIFE BLOOD*; hence its name.

☞ For Sale by all Druggists. ma26 tf

LOUISIANA SELTZER AND MINERAL WATER MANUFACTORY, No. 71 Peoyfarre street, New Orleans. Seltzer Water put up in bottles for the country at $2 per case of one dozen, and at $5 25 per barrel of three dozen. Also, Tarred Seltzer Water at 15c per bottle; Vichy Water at 25c per bottle. Orders left at the Factory, or addressed through the postoffice to Glass Box, No. 1513, New Orleans, promptly attended to.

TREMOULET & LETOREY,
ap21 3m Proprietors.

Consider Your Health.

THE finely finished bathing boat of Mr. Hundhausen, deceased, is again open for the use of ladies and gentlemen, or private families. The boat lies at the foot of Washington street. Refitted and furnished with all comforts, there is not another place in the city like it.

Season Tickets, $10; Private Baths, 50 cents; Bason do., 25c. All in search of healthy recreation are invited.

EMILY HUNDHAUSEN, Proprietress,
je10 1y7

GROCERIES.

WASH. S. TAYLOR. W. L. RADFORD. W. E. MCGUIRE

TAYLOR, RADFORD & CO.,

(Successors to Taylor, Cole & Co.),

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 11 Monroe Street,

Between Main and Front,

COOPER BLOCK, : : MEMPHIS, TENN.

jel3 tf

WM. E. YEATMAN,

General Commission Merchant,

No. 11 Monroe Street.

FLOUR, KILN DRIED AND FRESH BOLTED Nashville Mills Cornmeal, Tennessee Corn, Smoking and Manufactured Tobacco, Canned, Cove and Spiced Oysters, Lobsters, Pine Apples, Cherries, Strawberries, Pears, Blackberries, Green Peas, Green Corn, Damsons and Peaches, for sale, to the trade. ma24 1m

C. W. LEWIS. C. T. GEOGHEGAN.

LEWIS & GEOGHEGAN,

GROCERS,

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

GREENVILLE, MISS.

☞ Liberal Cash advances on all Consignments of Cotton and Produce. feb25 6m

C. W. STURDIVANT. J. A. NEVILS. F. G. LAWHORN

C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,

GROCERY

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 182 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

je4 3m

W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 280 Front street, Two Doors above Old Stand,

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand, at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash.

F. J. COMER, GEO. S. RICHARDSON.
Late C. Northrop & Co. Late C. Northrop & Co

COMER & RICHARDSON,

GENERAL

Produce, Feed and Commission

MERCHANTS,

NO. 2 HOWARD'S ROW, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited. feb23 6m

R. A. MOON. C. T. GEOGHEGAN.

MOON & GEOGHEGAN,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Produce & Commission Merchants,

No. 252 Front Street,

COMMERCIAL BLOCK, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal cash advances on all consignments of Cotton and Produce. Plantation supplies of all descriptions at lowest prices. Commission for selling Cotton as heretofore, $1 per bale. feb2

SEEDS.

R. C. CRAIG & CO.,

SEEDSMEN,

379 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

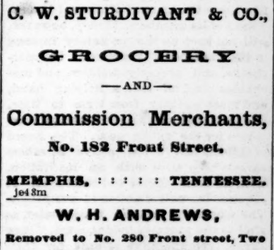
JUST RECEIVED,

HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED—At Craig's Seed Store
SEED BUCKWHEAT—
STOCK PEAS—At Craig's Seed Store.
GRAIN CRADLES AND GRAIN SCYTHES—At Craig's Seed Store.
GEDDIES' HARROWS & KNOX HORSE HOE, At Craig's Seed Store.
LIME, PLASTER AND CEMENT—At Craig's Seed Store.
SUPERPHOSTHATE & LAND PLASTER—At CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
ap19 daw 379 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND,

FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

ja30

Notice.

THE following property, in the hands of the Memphis City Transfer Company, will be sold to pay freight and charges, if not called for and removed within thirty days:

One TWO-HORSE WAGON,
One TRUNK—no mark.
One BOX BOTTLES, marked Dr. Snell.

E. P. FONTAINE, Agent.
Office M. C. T. Co., Memphis, June 28, 1868.
je23 10t

EUNOMIANS

Of LaGrange Synodical College.

IT has been thought advisable to hold a meeting for the disposition of our Society Property. The meeting will be held at Oxford, Miss., in the University Chapel, on WEDNESDAY, June 24, 1868. It is hoped that all the members will attend, or communicate their wishes by writing.

JAMES D. WEST, President.
je12 1w

OFFICE SOUTHERN LIFE INS. CO.,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 24, 1868.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, will be held, at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, JULY 7th prox., at 3 o'clock p m.

BEN MAY, Secretary.
je24 td

Notice.

DELEGATES to the Democratic Covention will be carried at HALF FARE on the Commercial and Liberty, No. 2.

JOHN B. DAVIS, Sup't
je6 tf M. and W. R. Pkt. Co.

INSURANCE.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

OFFICERS:

C. P. NORRIS.....President.
J. J. MURPHY.....Vice-President.
J. R. SIEBBINS.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

F. S. DAVIS, J. W. JEFFERSON,
J. J. MURPHY, L. M. WOLCOTT,
F. W. SMITH, N. CORONNA,
NAPOLEON HILL, S. M. GATES,
C. F. SMITH, C. C. PARTEE,
H. LOWENSTEIN, THOMAS FISHER,
W. R. MOORE, J. S. MENKENS,
B. EISEMAN, W. W. SCHOOLFIELD,
T. F. MACKALL, THOMAS R. SMITH,
R. C. GIST. A. SIESSEL. je1

Southern

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

17 Madison Street, Memphis.

INSURES LIVES AND ADJUSTS AND PAYS losses promptly. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.

Net Assets, February 1, 1868...$256,917 94

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. De Bevoise, F. M. White,
J. Weiler, Wm. A. Gwyn,
C. C. Spencer, R. C. Brinkley,
Amos Woodruff, C. P. Norris,
L. Howes, N. B. Forrest,
Sam. Yates, F. S. Davis,
C. W. Frazer, T. A. Nelson,
Hugh Torrence.

OFFICERS.

F. M. WHITE.....Acting President
BEN MAY.....Secretary
GEN. N. B. FORREST.....Gen'l Traveling Agent
L. B. HATCH, General Agent
mh3 West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

HERNANDO

INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holders.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. VACCARO, S. H. DUNSCOMB,
S. B. WILLIAMSON, M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD, E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.

jy10 tf

BY STATE AUTHORITY

UNITED STATES

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.

JOHN W. RANDOLPH, President. H. C. JONES, Secretary.

CASH ASSETS, : : : $431,276 29

THIS COMPANY HAVING FULLY COMplied with State, County and City Law, respectfully solicits a share of Insurance patronage.

A strict and critical examination of its assets and investments is earnestly solicited.

GEO. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
je2 tf 279½ Main street, Up-stairs.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH

—OF THE—

KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.,

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $1,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, Mo-Nutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

For President of the United States,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

Subject only to the decision of the National Democratic Conservative Convention.]

PLATFORM OF THE TENNESSEE DEMOCRACY.

1st. The Conservative men of Tennessee, putting aside all questions decided by the war, accept the title of 'Democrats,' and formally unite themselves with the Democratic party as it now exists.

2d. The question of the right of a State to secede from the Union has been decided by arms, and that decision should be accepted as final and conclusive.

3d. Nevertheless, while the Constitution makes the Federal Government supreme, it is so only with well defined limitations and restrictions, leaving the States large rights and powers over their domestic concerns, and making them coequal in respect of such rights; and these rights have not been impared by the result of the war, or the powers of the General Government aggrandized by it, to the endangerment of public liberty.

4th. The extinguishment of African Slavery is recognized as a fact, ratified by a binding Constitutional Amendment.

5th. The investiture of negroes with the right of suffrage, by the Congress of the United States, and the disfranchisement of white men, by the same authority, is a gross usurpation of power, and a policy unjust, unwise and oppressive, and tending to excite a war of races: the white men of America are entitled to superiority and supremacy in the administration of the Federal and State governments; and any measure intended to deprive them of it, or to divide or impair it, greatly endangers the perpetuity of free republican institutions.

6th. The faith of the nation is pledged to the payment of the national debt, according to the terms of the laws under which the bonds were issued, and not otherwise. The time of payment of the bonds ought not to be extended; the principal of the five-twenty bonds ought to be paid in currency, and the money granted to the National banks to be withrawn.

7th. The Government bonds should be taxed in the hands of the bondholders, equally with other property.

8th. The doctrines and practices of the Radical party, which endeavors, by encroaching upon the powers of the Executive and Judicial branches of the Government, to absorb in the Legislative Department all powers, tend to the destruction of the Republican system of Government and the civil liberties of the people.

9th. Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever State or persuasion, religious or political; peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; the support of the State Governments in all their rights, as the most competent administration of our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-Republican tendencies; the preservation of the General Government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of peace at home and safety abroad; a jealous care of the rights of election by the people and the supremacy of the civil over the military authority.

10th. Andrew Johnson the first choice of the Democracy of Tennessee; but their Delegates left free to unite in selecting another as the candidate for the Presidency.

SNEAKING OUT.

Soon after the meeting of the present Congress, a great show of zeal for the protection of naturalized citizens was displayed in the House of Representatives, and a bill for that purpose passed the House and was sent to the Senate.

The House bill provided, that in case American citizens were illegally seized and imprisoned in the manner that had been witnessed recently, then our authorities should be empowered to adopt retaliatory measures, as a prompt and decisive mode of redress. We had tried negotiation without effect, and it was admitted that the existing laws were insufficient to secure that protection which an American citizen is entitled to enjoy. This legislation was demanded in consequence of the violent proceedings of the British Government for words spoken and acts done by various persons in the United States, who happened afterwards to be found in Ireland, but invested with the rights and privileges of our citizenship.

This bill was referred to the Committee of Foreign Relations of the Senate, and it was supposed that it would be immediately acted upon and reported back to the Senate for passage. But it was at first attempted to postpone the bill until the next session, and thus dodge the issue. From the commencement of the Government the rights of naturalized citizens have been left undefined, and their persons, in foreign countries, unprotected, on account of the impossibility of giving them the protection to which they are lawfully, or at least by the obligations of national honour and good faith, entitled, without incurring the hazard of war with more than one European Power. The adoption of measures sure to lead to that result, was of course deferred as long as possible.

But early in the session of Congress it became manifest that action on the subject was imperatively demanded, by the arrest of naturalized citizens in Ireland and England. Unless the Jacobins were willing to lose the Irish and German vote, it was necessary that they should have done with fair professions and brag, gas and bluster, and *act*, in a manner that should be effective. They proclaimed their intention to do so, but Sumner, the veriest coward in America, is Chairman of the Committee to whom the bill was consigned, and the Committee retained it for several months, having only recently reported.

About the time when the report was made, the New York *Tribune* sounded the retreat, by pronouncing that foreign subjects ought not to be arrested here, if their Governments should arrest and imprison a naturalized citizen. It Pecksniffishly declared this contrary to sound reason and moral right, and that the law which required "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth" had been abrogated long ago.

The Committee solved the problem "*how not to do it.*" They reported a poor, miserable, sneaking sham, scared by the fear of collisions with foreign powers to such an extent as to incapacitate them to put forward even a pretence of protection. *This* is the thing which Sumner and his associates reported:

And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be duly made known to the President that any citizen of the United States has been arrested and is detained by any foreign Government, in contravention of the intent and purposes of this act, upon the allegation that naturalization in the United States does not operate to dissolve his allegiance to his native sovereign; or if any citizen shall have been arrested and detained whose release upon demand shall have been unreasonably delayed or refused, it shall be the duty of the President forthwith to report to Congress all the circumstances of any such arrest or detention, and any proceedings for the release of the citizen so arrested and detained, that Congress may take prompt action to secure to every citizen of the United States his just rights.

O lame and impotent conclusion, worthy of Captain Bobadil, Bob Acres and Ancient Pistol. "*The President shall report to Congress!*" What if Congress were not in session, nor to be so for six months? An American Commodore once protected Koszta, who was not even a naturalized citizen, with American cannon, without waiting to "report" to anybody; and a Secretary of State justified the act;—but that was when we had a Democratic government and a South. Hostilities with a foreign power would seriously damage government bonds, you know, and Yankee bondholders! Better sneak out of the affair, and trust to the good fortune which the Devil gives his own, to secure the vote of the naturalized citizens. By indulging in what it was supposed would be a profitable rhodomontade as to the rights of naturalized citizens, the Radicals in Congress have got themselves in a net,—"sich a net," in the words of Chawls Yellowplush, "As I never yet see set to ketch a roag in." On one side are threatened complications with European nations, none of which are bound to abrogate that which has been their law and the law of all the civilized nations of the earth from time immemorial, and to recognize the repudiation of allegiance at pleasure by their citizens, on the demand of the United States, and because we choose to make a new law upon the subject. The first arrest of a British or French subject, under the bill of the House, if it should become a law, will bring a British or French fleet into our harbors; for such an arrest would be reprisals for the exercise by the foreign Power of a right which we cannot deny to it or take from it.

On the other side the wrath of our naturalized citizens threatens Congress and the rotting body of Radicalism, if these do not secure to the foreign-born citizen, every where in the world, all the rights of the native-born, according to the sacred pledge of the nation, involved in the act of naturalizing, and of claiming the allegiance of the person naturalized.

On one side were boldness and danger, manly good faith and promise of war: on the other, cowardice and treachery and safety, with only the danger of losing the foreign-born vote. On one side is honor, on the other shame. Sumner and his fellow-radicals prefer the shame and the safety, the welfare of bondholders and the humiliation of the country, to magnanimity and honor. If ROME had naturalized barbarians or Greeks in the days of her glory, and guaranteed them the rights of Roman citizenship, the Consuls would have needed no Senatus-Consultum or Plebiscitum to urge them to launch the indomitable Legions of the Republic against any nation on earth that had dared to assert by arrest and imprisonment its continued right to the allegiance of those whom Rome had crowned with the high prerogative of citizenship. The Sumnerian process is that the President shall report to Congress, in order that it may act at its leisure. In other words, it is proposed to enact by a formal law, that the President shall do just what he could do, ought to do, and would do, without the law, to the end that Congress may do something or other, when all the resources of circumlocution have been exhausted.

The *National Intelligencer* thus sabres the proposition of the Committee on Foreign Relations:

> Under this sort of legislation our citizens might rot in foreign dungeons before they could be reached by relief. By such a continuance the bill would be effectually riveted, and the Executive crippled in the authority which he ought to possess for immediate and energetic intervention. He can now do all that Mr. Sumner now proposes, and therefore it furnishes no remedy for the admitted defects of the present laws.

The President must "report" to Congress before he can act, and this very bill illustrates what the course would be there, when the Committee of the Senate have taken over two months to report it back, and then reluctantly, with a full knowledge that numbers of American citizens have been outraged and illegally imprisoned in Ireland. It cannot be doubted that the substitute of Mr. Sumner's committee must be acceptable to foreign governments, if it was not inspired by their suggestions. A more complete surrender of the whole principle was never before proposed; for it divests the Executive of the power which he now exercises, and refers it to the capricious and dilatory temper of a two-hundred-and-fifty-headed Congress.

When examined practically, this "dodge" becomes more apparent and offensive. Let us suppose that any number of naturalized citizens might be arrested after the 4th of March next in Germany and Ireland, upon such false pretexts as have heretofore deprived others of their rights and liberty. All the Executive could do would be to demand their release, and to "report all the circumstances to Congress" in the following December. This is the "prompt action" which Mr. Sumner proposes Congress shall take. Nine months of incarceration would probably end the controversy with many of the victims of such Congressional promptitude; and when their widows and orphans applied for redress, the dainty Committee of Foreign Relations would dismiss them with a neglect equally cold, cruel and heartless.

This proposition is fit to have emanated from the British Legation, because it is conceived in the interest of the British Government, and worthy to have come from a representative of churchburners and proscriptive Radicals, who have no sympathy with the principle which protects the naturalized citizen. Their mock philanthropy expends itself in putting the negro above the German and Irishman, and making him a slave to their own selfish interests.

How will our Irish and German citizens, to whose aid Radicalism owes all its power, as the country owed the victories won under the Union flag in civil war, like the kind of "protection" which the Grant-and-Colfax Jacobins propose to guarantee to such of them as may find it necessary to return temporarily to their native countries. They ask for bread, and Radicalism offers them a stone.

THE action of the crowd who hissed George Francis Train at the Liverpool Exchange on Wednesday night was certainly not polite, but we cannot call it inexcusable. Train has been acknowledged for years as the Great-American Mountebank, and if he could be hissed down by every audience whom he attempts to address the world would be the better for it.

Wendell Phillips is another Great American Mountebank, dealing in a different kind of rigmarole. There is always some practical common sense interminglied with Train's nonsense; but Wendell Phillips never even by accident trespasses on that domain.

—Wm. Lear, in consequence of financial troubles, hanged himself at Montreal on the 17th.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE—THE MEETING TO-DAY.

We call the attention of our merchants, mechanics and property owners to the notice in our paper to-day, of a meeting of those who feel an interest in the mercantile prosperity of Memphis.

We understand, from the President of the Chamber, that the object of the meeting is to let our business men and property holders say whether they will sustain the efforts of the board of officers and a few far-seeing and enterprising members of the Chamber, in keeping alive an institution of such vital importance to our prosperity. It is really a shame on our merchants, that they have, for many months past, lost much of their former enterprise in bringing produce to our market, which added to the prosperity of every department of trade in the city, from the lowest to the highest. Although the kind and quantity of products raised in our section may not justify *daily* "'change" and sales thereon, as is done in similar institutions in our Northwestern States, where the character of products, to a great extent, differ from that of of our country, yet the Chamber of Commerce is not less deserving the close attention of our merchants and traders, who can give encouragement to the raising of such products as will greatly add to the general trade and prosperity of our city, and its wealth. A *live* Chamber of Commerce is an important institution to any commercial city, and without it, it can hardly be expected that our merchants will have that concert of action in regard to many matters of vital importance, which affect the general good. The organization, however, even *without* daily change is of the utmost mportance, for its influence abroad and as a "rallying point" is felt whenever any matter comes up requiring the action of those interested. It collects and has collected all necessary statistics of exports and imports into our city, which of itself imparts an influence abroad, and is to every investigating mind worth five times the amount of annual fees required of its members. Money, however, will not keep up the necessary interest in the Chamber of Commerce. Our merchants, and property holders, and mechanics must *all* lend a helping hand, and meet together from time to time, and exchange views and determine what is best for the public good. The Board of Officers and a few active members cannot keep alive such an institution, with all their efforts and enterprise. It requires the united action of our people. The wholesale and the retail dealer, as well as the property holder, must, if they expect remunerative returns for their labor and property, contribute something in the way of both time and money, for the general good, and unless they do it the result will be far from what many expect. The property holder who has a rental income of five thousand dollars, had better contribute five hundred dollars of the amount to sustaining and imparting an active interest in the Chamber of Commerce, than let it perish for the want of patronage. It is a very mistaken notion in the minds of many of our people, that the geographical position of Memphis, with her railroad and river connections, is *bound* to make her a large city, even if the people make no effort to advance her interest. If they will reflect a moment and inquire what Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis have done to open and control a large trade from White river, Arkansas river, and from the Mississippi river, between this point and Vicksburg, by the establishment of packet lines and low freights, and will then recollect that we are entitled to that very trade, *and have lost it*, by the want of foresight and enterprise, they can readily see that to make Memphis the great city which she ought to be, our people must not be idle, and sit in their counting houses, and "moan and groan" over the loss of trade, when they are doing nothing to conteract the influences now working against us. If they expect to succeed, they must be up and doing. The "Chamber of Commerce" is the place to meet and counsel together, and show a united and strong front. Let all pull together, for the general good, and discard that *exclusiveness*, and *selfishness* which seems to have taken possession of them. We will then all rise together, and show the world that we do not act for *self* alone, but contribute something for the benefit of those who will come after us. It is time our business men had shaken off the *pall* which has hung over them for a year past, and rise to a sense of their duty, by creating an active interest in the affairs of their Chamber of Commerce; regulating freights and insurance when too high, by remonstrance or otherwise; establish new packet lines, and sustain those which we now have; kill off all opposition which takes trade from us; encourage the completion of the Little Rock Railroad, and the building of the Mississippi River Railroad, the railroad hence to Selma, and the road to St. Louis via Iron Mountain. All these things, and many more, our enterprise can accomplish if we only act together. When they are done, Memphis will begin to show herself as a young giant, and able to take care of herself. But until then, we repeat that she needs the united efforts of her people. No dozen men, however active, can impart that interest to a Chamber of Commerce which will keep it alive. It will be a lasting shame to permit it to go down! but we are assured that such will be the case, and that the Board of officers will retire from their respective positions, if former apathy continues.

Let all unite to-day in the effort to revive the interest in the Chamber, and its business, by our presence, not only *to-day*, but on all occasions, when a meeting is called.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, June 30.—The Legislature meets to-morrow. A quorum will be present.

Gen. Canby has suspended the test oath. It is understood that he issued an order to Chief Justice Pearson yesterday, to be qualified before the United States Commissioner by taking the oath required by the new Constitution, and to administer the same oath to the other Judges and officers. To-day he appointed W. W. Holden Governor, vice Worth, and ordered the State officers to be sworn in to-morrow.

Gov. Holden will deliver his inaugural on the 4th prox.

The city is full of office hunters, many of whom are candidates for United States Senator—prominent among whom are Geo. Abbott, of New Hampshire, and Col. Heaton, of Ohio.

It is rumored that Gen. Littlefield has purchased from Gov. Holden the *Standard* printing office for $20,000.

The venerable Edmund B. Freeman died to-day.

—The time of holding the Pennsylvania State Convention of "White Boys in Blue" in Philadelphia has been changed from June 30 to July 2.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—Gen. J. D. Frazer, lately of the C. S. A., who is now in this State in the interest of the Southern Emigration Society, says that thousands are anxious to come here.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, June 30.—The cars and steamers left here to-day, crowded with visitors to the New York Convention.

Elson, Anderson, Patterson and Goldman, the convicted revenue officers, left here on the steamer to-day for the Albany Penitentiary, to serve out their terms.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, June 30.—The excitement over the Tennessee bonds is at fever heat, mingled with threats of repudiation. The Comptroller says not a dollar of the July interest will be paid. An injunction against the Board of Finance has been applied for. There is no sale for the bonds to-day.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, June 30.—Gen. Canby has removed the Governors and Lieutenant Governors of North Carolina and South Carolina, and appointed the newly elected officers in their stead. This will take effect on the meeting of the State Legislatures, and is done to facilitate the inauguration of the officers elect, which takes place when the fourteenth amendment is ratified.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, MINN., June 30.—The celebrated Chippewa chief, Hole-in-the-Wall, was assassinated by being shot near his residence, at Crow Wing, on last Saturday afternoon, by three Indians of the Pillager band. The cause is attributed to pent-up jealousy and an old grudge.

Two women were poisoned near Chaska, in this State, yesterday, and died in convulsions, from the poison of potato bugs getting into sores on their hands.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Hon. N. G. Taylor, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has sent a letter to Senator Henderson, Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate, asking a full and rigid examination into all the circumstances attending the recent treaty for the sale of the Osage lands. He states, positively, that such investigation will prove that the transactions attending the treaty were conducted in the most just and conscientious manner, both for the Indians and for the State of Kansas.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 30.—In the House of Lords last night, the Irish Church bill was considered until 3 a.m., when a division took place, and the suspensary bill was rejected by 97 against 92. The announcement was received with cheers by the tory Lords.

The fourth of July is to be celebrated at Weisbaden.

The excitement at Belgrade is unabated.

The assassins of Prince Michael have been convicted and are now awaiting execution.

LIVERPOOL, June 30.—Ex-Minister Charles F. Adams sailed in the China to-day.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, June 30.—Sixteen cars left for Milledgeville this morning to remove the furniture from the State capitol to this city.

The Court for the trial of the Columbus prisoners, met this morning. Joe Brown and three associates appeared for the prosecution, and Alexander H. Stephens and others for the defense. Mr. Stephens entered a plea for the prisoners, denying the jurisdiction of the military court and claiming the right, if need be, to insist on a trial by a jury. All of them entered a plea of not guilty. The testimony of Charles Marshall, a Sergeant in the U. S. army, consumed nearly the entire day, and implicated Kirk, Sey, Hudson, and others, in the shooting of Ashburn.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The delegates to the National Democratic Convention are continually arriving, and the hotel passages are filled during the day and evenings with men in earnest discussion as to the probable action of the Convention. The most prominent names for the Presidency seem to be Hancock and Chase, though the bulk of the Pendleton supporters have not yet arrived.

The preparations for the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention are about complete. They will undoubtedly favor the nomination of Hancock, but will accept the nominee of the Democratic Convention.

Tammany Hall is about ready for occupation, and will be thrown open to the invited guests on Thursday afternoon.

Charlotte Cushman and Miss Stebbins, the sculptress, were passengers by the Scotia, which arrived to-day.

Chief Justice Chase will not be here during the session of the Convention.

At the Jerome Park races to-day, in the race for the premium stake of $600, mile and a quarter heats, Nonesis won by a neck, beating Lancaster, Lizzie Rogers, Raquetto, Local and Jubal. Time, 2:12¾.

The Winchester Handicap of one and three quarter miles, was won by Flora McPhor, beating Northumberland, Clara Clad, Onward and Eagle. Time, 3:12½.

The sweepstakes for two year olds, Junious beat Eclipse and Late. Time, 1:16¾.

The sweepstakes for mile heats was won by B. B. Connelly in 1:47½ and 147½, beating Gen. York, Melaine, King John, Egotist and Socive.

Gens. Sickles and Schenck were present. The racing was capital and will be continued Wednesday and Thursday.

About ten of the Ohio delegates to the Democratic Convention arrived to-day. There are, however, surprisingly few of the delegates in town, probably only 150 out of the 650 who will comprise the Convention. Some of the Southern delegates here express themselves in favor of Chase. All of the Western delegates here declare strongly for Pendleton.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Chair presented a resolution from the Reconstruction Convention of Texas, setting forth that disorder and murders prevail in that State, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Howe presented the resolutions of the Legislature of Florida, ratifying the 13th and 14th amendments to the Constitution.

Howe also presented the credentials of Thomas Osborne, Senator elect from Florida for the term expiring in 1873.

Boutwell introduced a bill to authorize the issue of new bonds to the amount of $800,000,000, payable in coin, with interest at the rate of 5½ per cent., and to be valid only in the hands of the citizens of the United States. These are to be exchangable for the 5 20s; and also $500,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds, payable in coin either in the United States, Frankfort or London, without taxation.

Mr. Osborne, of Florida, was sworn in and took his seat on the Radical side.

The civil appropriation bill was then considered, and after a brief executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

On motion of Getz, the Committee on Ways and Means were instructed to inquire into the expediency of reducing the expenses of collecting the internal revenue, by abolishing the offices of collectors, assessors, etc., and assessing the amount of the direct tax required upon the several States in proportion to their taxable population, and report at the next session.

Stevens, of Pennsylvania, presented the credentials of Charles W. Hamilton, of Florida, and asked that he be sworn in.

Maynard moved that the credentials take the usual course, and be referred to the Committee on Elections, which was agreed to.

The House then resumed the consideration of the river and harbor bill. All the amendments made by the Committee were concurred in.

Stevens, of Pennsylvania, moved to table the bill, which was rejected by 50 to 81, and the bill passed by 80 to 59.

Stevens then offered a concurrent resolution for an adjournment from the 15th of July until the 15th of September.

After a motion to table it, and an amendment to adjourn now until the 15th of September, it was finally adopted by 91 to 47.

A resolution by Niblack was adopted, that it is the sense of the House that Congress ought not to adjourn until an efficient provision be made by law for the protection of Americans, native and adopted, while traveling or residing in foreign countries.

A bill was passed authorizing the chairmain of the Committee on Claims, of either House, to administer the oath to claimants.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.—The Senate met this morning and only the names of nineteen Radicals who took the test oath yesterday were called, all answering.

After the roll call Sombald, a Democrat, remarked that his name had not been called, and informed the chair that he was present.

The chair replied that there were other gentlemen also present whose names had not been called, and who had not interrupted the business of the Senate.

While the minutes were being read Jewell, of New Orleans, rose and demanded that a communication from the Commanding General, which he knew was in the possession of the presiding officer, relative to the oath to be taken by Senators, be read before any other business be transacted, but no attention was paid to the demand, and after some difficulty order was restored and the Secretary finished reading the minutes.

The chairman of the Committee on Elections reported that Hugh Campbell, Radical, was entitled to the seat as Senator from the Second District, in place of Anthony Sombald, Democrat, who was declared elected by Gen. Buchanan, the committee saying in their report that Gen. Buchanan had no right to change the return of the Registrars, thus directly charging the Commanding General with fraud.

On the motion that Campbell be sworn in, seventeen votes in the affirmative were cast—two of the Senators not voting—and Campbell took the seat, thus giving the Radicals twenty present.

No Democrat could obtain recognizance. A motion to allow Blackburn, a Democrat, to address the Senate, was tabled.

The Chair then handed the Secretary a communication, which he directed him to read, and which proved to be the document demanded by Jewell. It was addressed to O. J. Dunn, Lieutenant-Governor and President of the Senate, and communicated the following telegram from Grant to Buchanan:

"I have no orders at present to give you, but report to you as heretofore that the members of the Louisiana Legislature are only required to take the oath prescribed by the Constitution, and are not required to take the test oath prescribed in the Reconstruction acts. Gens. Meade and Canby are acting on this view of the case. [Signed] U. S. GRANT."

Gen. Buchanan directs that the oath prescribed by the Constitution, and no other, will be required.

Dunn suggested that the communication be referred to a committee. The suggestion was adopted and the committee appointed.

After the election of permanent officers a resolution ratifying the fourth amendment, was offered, but postponed until the House was heard from, and the Senate adjourned.

A similar scene was enacted in the House. A copy of Grant's telegram was read and referred to a committee.

The Committee on Elections reported adversely to the entire Democratic delegation from Caddo parish, whose names appear in the election order. The Radicals were accordingly sworn in, and the House adjourned.

The City Comptroller, Sheriff and District Attorney have taken possession of their offices under Buchanan's order of Saturday by taking the constitutional oath.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 30.—Cotton firmer, sales 2000 bales; upland 31½c Rice quiet. Carolina 10¾@11¼c. Coffee firmer but quiet. Sugar nominally unchanged. Flour very dull and 10c lower on medium grades. Wheat dull and heavy $1 95@2 05. Corn $1 01@1 03

Money easy; call loans 3@4; sterling 10@10¾; gold 136½; old Tennessee 71; new do 66½.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.—Cotton firmer: middlings 29c; sales 250 bales; receipts 78; no exports. Sterling unchanged. New York Sight ¼ premium. Sugar and Molasses remain about nothing doing. Flour unsettled, superfine $6 75@7. Corn dull 90@95c. Hay $19@21. Oats dull 70c. Pork dull $29. Bacon, shoulders 13c; clear sides 17c. Lard 18¼@20c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, June 30.—Tobacco active; sales 178 hhds; lugs $7 25@9 50; medium to choice cutting leaf $13@27. Superfine Flour $7. Wheat, old $1 75; new $1 80. Corn 85@86c. Oats 75@76c. Bacon, shoulders 12¾; clear rib sides 16¼c; clear sides 18¼c. Milk Shoulders 11¼c; clear sides 15¼c. Pork $28. Lard 17¼c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Tobacco heavy; lugs to dark leaf $7 25@14 50. Flour unsettled, X $7 75. Wheat $2@2 25. Corn 80@86c. Oats 72@76c. Pork $28@28 25. Bulk sides 16c. Bacon, clear sides 16¾@17c; shoulders held at 12¾@13c. Lard nominal at 17c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—Flour and Wheat dull and nominal. Corn 86@86c. Oats 72@76c. Butter 27@30c. Eggs 17@18c. Potatoes $3 50. Bacon unchanged.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, June 30.—Cotton, sales 8000 bales. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are quiet. Provisions quiet.

LONDON, June 30.—Consols 94¾@94¾. U. S. Bonds 78¾.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

BUCK EYE SALVE,

GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by A. RENKERT,
jy1 120 Main street.

Dissolution.

THE firm of BROOKS, NEELY & CO. is this day dissolved by limitation. E. W. Brooks retiring. E. W. BROOKS,
J. C. NEELY,
S. H. BROOKS.

J. C. NEELY, S. H. BROOKS, H. M. NEELY.

NEW FIRM.

The undersigned will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission Business, at the old stand, No. 276 Front street, under the style of BROOKS, NEELY & CO., as heretofore, where all business connected with the former concern will be settled.

J. C. NEELY,
S. H. BROOKS,
H. M. NEELY.

jy1 2w

Chamber of Commerce.

THE members of the Chamber of Commerce are particularly requested to meet at their hall at 12 o'clock TO-DAY. Merchants and other citizens, not members, and who feel an interest in the success of the Chamber and prosperity of our city, are also invited to be present. T. A. NELSON, President.

S. RIDGELY, Secretary.
Memphis, July 1, 1868. jy1 1t

Florence Synodical Female College

THIS Institution, which has long enjoyed a very high reputation among the female colleges of the South, is situated at Florence, Ala., which is admitted to be one of the most delightful and salubrious towns in the southwest. It is very easy of access. A branch of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad runs from Tuscumbia to South Florence. Its President, Rev. Dr. WM. H. MITCHELL, is well known as one of the ablest teachers in the country. Next session will commence on the 8th day of September next.

For further particulars apply to the President. jy1 lmday

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

BUCK EYE SALVE,

Nothing Equal to it for Piles.

Sold by H. C. STEEVER'S Bluff City
jy1 Drug Store, cor. Second and Madison sts

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name and style of

PETTIT & SIMPSON,

who will succeed J. T. Pettit & Co., in the Cotton Factorage and Commission Business, at their old stand, No. 15 Union street, Memphis. Our former friends and patrons are respectfully solicited to give us a call. We promise them to strictly obey instructions, and no effort on our part will be spared to give them satisfaction.

J. T. PETTIT
WM. SIMPSON,
Late Simpson, Saunders & Co.
Memphis, July 1, 1868. jy1 dawlw

BUCK EYE SALVE,

THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

Sold by G. W. JONES & CO.,
jy1 257 Main street.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

THE GREAT REMEDY for PILES.

Sold by TAYLOR & CO.,
jy1 Poplar street.

JULY, THE 1st

MENKEN BROTHERS'

12th SEMI-ANNUAL

REDUCTION SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

PRINTS, DOMESTICS,

SILKS, LINEN LAWNS.

ALSO, ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

LACE MANTLES

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

ARE OFFERED TO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUYERS

jy1 lm

BUCK EYE SALVE,

SURE CURE for PILES.

Sold by J. W. FALLS & CO.,
jy1 No. 351 Main street.

Trustee's Sale.

WHEREAS, John Overton did draw his accommodation bills on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, viz: One dated November 19, 1859, in favor of W. Bell, at 12 months after date, for $2400 00; one dated November 10, 1859, at 18 months after date, in favor of Wm. Bell, for $2200 00; and one dated December 28, 1859, at 12 months after date, in favor of Wm. Bell, for $3400 00; and A. F. Hopkins did draw his accommodation bills on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, in favor of Wm. Bell, as follows: One dated January 6, 1860, at eleven months after date, for $2253 00; one dated December 6, 1859, at 12 months after date, for $1750 00; one dated March 12, 1860, at 12 months after date, for 38 0 00; one dated March 17, 1860, at ten months after date, for 2250 00; one dated March 19, 1860, at 60 days after date, for $4700 00; one dated December 10, 18 9, at 12 months after date, for $2500 00; one dated April 9, 1860, at 7 months after date, for $3000 00; and Thomas Bibb did draw his accommodation bill on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, viz: One dated December 27, 1859, at 12 months after date in favor of himself, the said Thomas Bibb, for $2000 00; and one dated December 5, 1859, in favor of Thomas Bibb, at 12 months after date, for $2500 00; and R. C. Brinkley did draw his accommodation bill on A. M. Hopkins New Orleans, in favor of R. P. Brinkley, dated December 28, 1859, at 12 months after date, for $1267 00; and A. M. Hopkins & Co. did make their note in favor of A. M. Hopkins, dated May 26, 1858, at 10 months after date, for $5 34 77, which was held by A. & J. Dennaston & Co., on which said A. M. Hopkins did pay the sum or $500 00.

And whereas, in order to secure and save harmless the said John Overton, Thomas Bibb, R. C. Brinkley and A. F. Hopkins, the drawers respectively of the aforesaid accommodation bills, and to secure also the said A. and J. Denniston & Co. on the note aforesaid, the said Arthur M. Hopkins did execute an indenture of trust, dated the 8th day of February, 1861, and in which he conveyed to Charles Kortrecht the premises situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, known and described as follows: "A certain piece or parcel of land lying and being near the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, and consisting of about ten acres, which was conveyed in fee simple by James W. Pyor, of the city of New York, to the said Arthur M. Hopkins, by said conveyance being by deed now or record in Cook county, Illinois," which said land is more fully described as blocks three (3) and four (4) of James W. Pryor's subdivision of part of the northeast quarter of section four (4), township thirty-eight (38) north, range fourteen (14) east of the third principal meridian, according to survey and map of the same, said to be deposited for record in the proper office for the recording of surveys and maps in Cook county, Illinois, said subdivision being immediately south of Egan avenue and west of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, and said block three (3) and four (4) contain, with the streets bounding on them, ten acres or thereabouts, being the land conveyed to said Arthur M. Hopkins by said James W. Pryor and Katherine M. Pryor, his wife, by their deed dated July 3, 1856, upon Trust; that in case a majority of the beneficiaries in said Indenture of Trust mentioned should direct a sale of said premises, then the said Charles Kortrecht was thereby authorized and instructed to sell said premises, at public auction, in the city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, after giving sixty days notice in one or more of the newspapers published in said city of Memphis, of the time and place of said sale, said sale to be made for cash or credit, as a majority of the beneficiaries in said Indenture of Trust named might direct, and out of the proceeds of said sale to pay said accommodation bills and the note aforesaid, and to pay the remainder, if any, over to said Arthur M. Hopkins, as will appear by reference to said Trust Deed, recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook county, Illinois, in Book 216 of Deeds, page 242.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said accommodation bills and note, and application has been made and a sale of said premises, for cash, has been directed by a majority of said beneficiaries in said Indenture of Trust named, for the purpose of carrying out said Trust; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that I will, on

Monday, the 31st Day of July, A.D., 1868,

At the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the southwest corner of Court Square (and at the intersection of South Court with Main street), in the said city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, sell the premises above described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

The title is believed to be good, but the undersigned will make no warranties.

jy1 td CHARLES KORTRECHT, Trustee.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by W. H. SEABROOK,
jy1 167 Main street.

BUCK EYE SALVE,

GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.

Sold by W. C. POTTER,
jy1 No. 335 Main street, corner Union.

HALF FARE.

ON AND AFTER JULY 1ST UNTIL FURther notice visitors to the various Watering Places on the line of the MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD will be carried at HALF FARE. Iuka Springs, Bailey's Springs, Valhermosa Springs and Lookout Mountain, are all open for the reception of visitors.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.
Memphis, Tenn., June 29, 1868. je30 2w

BUCK EYE SALVE,

TRY IT FOR PILES.

Sold by W. N. WILKERSON & CO.,
jy1 No. 340 Main street.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Increase for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PRELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable institution.

OFFICE 291 MAIN STREET.

je14 dtfawlm

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHÆTONS

WAGONS AND HARNESS.

R. O. BRADLEY.

377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn

mh15 tf

AMUSEMENTS.

Basket Picnic

—ON THE—

FOURTH OF JULY

—AT—

Mound City and Island 40.

THE splendid Steamer DES ARC will leave the foot of Jefferson street on the Fourth at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 12 m. and 3 p.m., for Mound City and Island 40.

A fine Brass and String Band have been engaged for the occasion.

☞ Fare round trip, One Dollar. je30

GRAND PIC-NIC

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

—AT—

Ford's Splendid Picnic Grounds,

Opp. the Brick Church, in Chelsea, on

SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1868.

TICKETS.....FIFTY CENTS.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.—Victor Fuchs, F. Duttlinger, F. Meures, G. Bergman, Ant. Schmidt, F. Meyer, Geo. Buchert. je14

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Manager
CHARLEY WHITE.....Stage Manager

Only Place of Amusement Open in the City!

THIS TEMPLE OF MIRTH NOW PRESENTS the Greatest Constellation of Artists ever presented to a Memphis audience. NEW SONGS, D

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two Story house, with six rooms and kitchen, 228 Washington street. Inquire at 226 Washington street, or at Water Tank, foot of Madison street. Je14 tf

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. jn9 1

PRICE REDUCED.

FOR RENT.—The neat and shaded Cottage Home, "Belle Grange," known as the "Ayres Place," near the street Cars, on Hernando road, two miles from Court Square. Elegant garden, pasture, orchard, cistern, with all the comforts of a home near the city. Can be rented for 3 months or for the summer.
W. A. WHEATLEY, Collector,
Office, No. 5 Bethell Block.
je10

FOR RENT.—Two handsome Rooms in the third story of the building, No. 12 Adams street, suitable for offices or sleeping apartments. Also, the spacious basement of the same building. Apply at the store on the premises. ma31 tf

FOR RENT.—A FINE COTTAGE RESIdence with seven acres of Garden Land, on the Randolph road, two miles from Court Square, and just outside the corporate limits. Will be rented low to a good prompt paying tenant. Present occupancy now. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 184 Madison street. ma30 tf

FOR RENT.—THE STORE AND BUILDING on Jefferson street, corner of the alley, between Second and Third streets, south side, is for rent. The building is well situated as a first-class boarding house, and contains fourteen rooms, kitchen, and all in good order. Also, two STORES on north side. Inquire at PETERSANI'S, 58½ Jefferson street.
Ledger copy. ma22

FOR SALE.

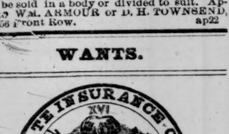
SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EASY TERMS—My lands, 2 miles east of the city, are for sale, on liberal terms, to actual purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 320. My residence, with from 14 to 23 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
N. M. TREZEVANT.
je17

FOR SALE.—That choice piece of property on the northeast corner of Vance and Orleans streets. Good Residence and Forest Shade Trees. Apply to
je13 tf ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

FOR SALE.—Having determined to change our business, we offer for sale our small but well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, and a lease on one of the BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city. We will sell also a splendid suburban RESIDENCE, 2½ miles from the city, near Gill's Station, with 4½ acres of ground, with all the necessary improvements. Apply to WEBB, MITCHELL & CO., No. 13 Union street, Lee Block. je7 tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—Forty-four Acres of Land, three miles due east of the city limits, corner of Clayton and Holmes avenues. Has plenty of heavy timber, running water, eligible building sites, and is in an excellent neighborhood. Will be sold in a body or divided to suit. Apply to WM. ARMOUR or D. H. TOWNSEND, No. 256 Front Row. ap22

WANTS.



W. H. MOORE, AGENT,
4 1-2 Madison Street.
je21 3m

WANTED—50,000 bushels WHEAT, for which cash will be paid by
ANDERSON & WATSON.
10,000 pounds WOOL wanted by
ANDERSON & WATSON.
FOR SALE—10,000 SEAMLESS WHEAT BAGS by
ANDERSON & WATSON.
je19

WANTED.—A DWELLING HOUSE containing 4 to 6 rooms by a family of three persons, all grown. Must be centrally located. Address Richard, Appeal office. ma31

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk, by a young man who has had ten years experience. Best city references given, if desired. Address V., Appeal office. je20 tf

LABORERS WANTED—ON THE ST. LOUIS and Iron Mountain Railroad, to work on grading and track-laying, near Whitewater Bridge, fifteen miles west of Cape Girardeau, Wages, $2 per day. For information apply to FILLBURN & IVERS, Cape Girardeau.
je5 1m T. M. AULT.

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND Ironer—a white woman, with reference. Apply at 346 Linden street. je4

WANTED.—A SMALL FARM NEAR THE city of Memphis, of which possession can be given immediately. Address A. B., Appeal office, stating terms, location, etc. ma30 tf

Liberal Conditions, Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

Paid in Capital	$350 000 00
Assets January 1, 1868	416,280 87

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee.
Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.
JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.
W. H. MOORE, Agent,
4 1-2 Madison street,
je21 3m Memphis, Tenn.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—One or two gentlemen with wives can obtain board at moderate rates. The best and most REASONABLE boarding in the city. None but those who can give unexceptionable references need apply, to C. M., care Appeal office. je10 tf

● COAL.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH
Pittsburg Coal,
—FOR THE—
HAYS COAL COMPANY
(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON,)

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela river.
Office—22½ Madison street. mh25 tf

BUCK EYE SALVE,
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PILES.
Sold by ROSE & VIGUS,
jy1 97 Main street.

TWO PLANTERS.—The highest market price will be paid for WHEAT by
ATTWOOD & ANDERSON,
2 Promenade street,
je21 Foot of Jefferson street.

H. L. GUION
—WITH—
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEER, 278 Second street. Attends exclusively to Renting and Leasing Houses and Lots, Collecting of Rents, Paying Taxes, Effecting Insurance, etc., etc. Has now for renting several very desirable Residences, from a cottage to almost a palace. Also, several Business Houses, Offices, Rooms, etc.
je21 1m

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Books Open for Subscription.
CALL ON
B. B. WRIGHT, GENERAL AGENT,
Room 5, over Commercial Bank.
ma20 tf

The Following Books, Viz:

2 VOLS. Shakspeare (Illustrated), 2 vols. Lives of the Saints, 1 vol. Plutarch's Lives, 2 vols. Novels, 15 vols. National Portrait Gallery, 2 vols. Godey's Magazine, 1 vol. Der Bazar (German), 2 vols. quarto Imperial Bibles, Morocco and gilt edge; 1 vol. Testament; 1 vol. Internal Revenue Laws; 2 vols. Code of Tennessee, 1 vol. Criminal Pleadings, 1 vol. Medical Journal, 1 vol. Waites, Scott's Poems, 2 vols. Church Facts, 7 vols. Church Review, 1 vol. Mission Book, 1 vol. American Encyclopedia, 1 vol. Journal of the General Convention (Episcopa.), will be sold to pay charges, unless called for within thirty days.
C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.
Memphis, June 27, 1868. je27 1w

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.
A. WRIGHT.
ap15

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily,	2:40 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	3:35 p.m.	6 20 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 28, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. je28

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Trains on this division of the road now run on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, as follows:
Leave Hopefield at 7:30 a.m.
Returning, leave Edmondson's at 5:00 p.m.
Ferryboat Nevada will leave foot of Union street and connect with train.
Excursion tickets, good for three days, sold at reduced rates.
JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
General Superintendent.
je28

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	7:00 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m.

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)

Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:00 a.m.
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m.

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	2:15 p.m.
Night Express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m.

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.
Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

NOTICE.

City subscribers to the APPEAL, daily or weekly, who may desire to leave the city for the summer, can have their papers sent them regularly by leaving a memorandum at the Counting-room of the APPEAL, No. 13 Jefferson street.

CALENDAR.—July—7th Month.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

MOON.	DAY.	TIME AT MEMPHIS.
Full	4th.	2 h. 39 minutes.
Third Quarter	12th.	6 h. 40 minutes.
New	19th.	3 h. 56 minutes.
First Quarter	26th.	7 h. 51 minutes.

FIRST DAY.—*Wednesday.*—Sun rises 5:01; sets 7:53.
Saints.—Sts Julius and Aaron, martyrs, about 303; St. Cybar, recluse at Angerlome, 581; St. Theobald, confessor, 1066.
Born.—Louis Joseph, Duc de Vendome, 1654; Admiral Duncan, 1731, Dundee.
Died.—Edgar, King of England, 975; Admirable Crichton, assassinated at Mantua, 1582; Isaac Cassanbon, learned scholar, 1614; Henry Fox, Lord Holland, 1774.

FIRST TUNE.—The cornet band of the Sodality of St. Peter's will attempt their first tune this evening. The piece selected for immolation is "Mary had a little Lamb."

IMPROVING.—John H. Kelly, who was shot by Detective Ben Garrett, a few days since, is still improving, and it is said will very soon recover. This is a very remarkable case, and deserving of attention from the medical fraternity.

EMMONS & SON have received the Album, Record, Munroe Dime, No. 126, Pen and Pencil, Sporting Times, Waverly, Wilkes all the Muhlbach Novels, paper covers, also bound; Harper's Bazar, all the New York and Western dailies, and the Budget of Fun, for August.

THE STELLA ACADEMY.—Miss Lottie Downing, the Superintendent of this institute, has requested us to announce that there will be an examination of her school this evening, at the Academy, No. 163 DeSoto street. The friends and relatives of her pupils are invited to be present.

ST. MARY'S.—Father Schnider continues to canvess with unabated vigor the right and title of St. Mary's to a big show on the fourth, at Ford's Place, Chelsea. We admit the summons, and will try to put in an appearance at the time and place.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the St. Andrew's Society will be held this evening at the Municipal Courtroom. A prompt and full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the Society.

IT IS feared that the little negro boy, who was hurt by a horse at the Masonic Picnic on the 24th ult., will die. The fracture of his limb is of so serious a nature, that amputation has become necessary, and the attendant surgeon says that erysipelas is almost certain to ensue.

ST. PETER'S ORPHANS' PICNIC.—This is to be *the* affair of the summer, and we wish the fact to be kept before the people. No expense or trouble has been spared to render it the most delightful and attractive affair of the season, and the object is surely one which should appeal to the best feelings of every heart.

AT THE tournament, a few days since, the name of our friend Charlie Williams was dignified after the first tilt by two cyphers. The way that this happened was, that Charlie's horse 'over-reached' himself in the first tilt, and was disabled so that he could not make time, and he was consequently ruled out. This statement is due to Charlie and the "gallant grey" that he rode.

A SPLENDID LIGHT.—In these days of bad gas and worse lamps, it is really refreshing to come across something that we can rely upon to illumine the most tenebrous and darksome passages of every day or every *night* life. Messrs. O. F. Prescott & Co. have got the very thing that is wanted in the shape of their new burners for coal oil lamps. We have tried them and pronounce them *the* thing—giving more light, using less oil, and generating less heat than any light known to us. Try them.

NOTRE DAME DE LA SALETTE.—Owing to an *unavoidable* accident, we were compelled to omit this morning an account of the exercises at the New Memphis Theater of the ladies and pupils of Notre Dame de la Salette. The house was crowded, and that with the very best people of our city, and the whole affair passed off most elegantly. We will give to-morrow the programme and order of exercises.

PROTECTION OF GAME.—Some days since there was a gathering at No. 31 North Court street, of the lovers of field-sports and prominent nimrods in our city, to form a society for the protection of game of all species, from the inroads of indiscriminate sporting or trapping, in and out of season. Bronson Bayliss, Esq., occupied the chair, and a committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for a proposed association with that object in view. The committee report this evening, at half-past five, at the office of Bronson Bayliss. It is proposed to call the new club the "Fur, Fin and Feather" Society. All true lovers of field-sports are invited to be present.

RICE, STIX & Co. offer their entire stock of Dress Goods at less than cost previous to the 1st of August. je25 1w

THE MERCHANTS' NATIONAL.

The Meeting Yesterday and Its Results—An Effort to Resuscitate.

At a meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Merchants' National Bank, held yesterday, it was resolved that an effort should be made to stay all proceedings in the matter of winding up its affairs, and to again resume business. The Metropolitan Bank of New York has signified its willingness by telegragh to carry what paper they hold as long as possible, and several prominent stockholders have come forward and offered to advance money enough to pay off depositors and other indebtedness, provided such arrangements can be entered into at Washington as will enable the bank to resume business. A committee, consisting of Messrs. Partee, Smith, Freeman and Woodruff, were appointed, who leave for Washington to-day. In the meantime, Col. McKee, the Treasury agent in charge, has telegraphed the department to await the arrival of the committee. Gen. Wilson, who we learn wishes to be appointed Receiver, has already left for Washington. It is to be hoped that there will be no difficulty in making such arrangements as will prove entirely satisfactory to all parties concerned.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editors Memphis Appeal:

June may be called the "literary month," as most of our schools, academies and colleges have their annual examinations and commencements in it. Knowing your zeal in the cause of education, as well as everything else which promotes the prosperity of our State, I take the liberty of sending you a brief notice of the late examination and commencement exercises of Woodland Academy, near Saulsbury, in Hardeman county. This academy was founded by the late lamented Hugh Gwyn, A. M., many years ago, and over which he presided with so much dignity and success till the war broke up all our schools. The buildings for the academy were planned and erected by himself and at his own expense, and hence are happily adapted to their object. Early in the war, Prof. Gwyn died, and for many years the exercises of the school were suspended. Two years ago the present Principal, Edwin P. Catery, A. B., rented the academy, and on the 17th, 18th and 19th of last month he closed his second annual session by a public examination and exhibition. The building is so arranged that the boys and girls are in separate rooms, and no communication is allowed between them. However, for convenience sake, both departments are combined on public occasions, and thus a laudable emulation is created between them, each striving to excel the other in deportment and scholarship. To add to this rivalry the Principal had offered a gold medal to the first, and a silver medal to the second best scholar in the school, the award to be determined by the marks in the daily register. These marks include deportment, attention and scholarship.

By invitation, the writer of this notice was present on the 18th and 19th. On arrival at the academy he found a crowd of interested spectators, composed chiefly of the parents and other friends of education. It was manifest to all present that it was a bona fide examination, (not a recital of prepared parts,) and was a proof at once of the progress and proficiency of the pupil and of the ability of the teacher, and the thoroughness of his mode of instruction. They were required not only to give the rules, but to show the modus operandi, the application of the rules, which is the only test of scholarship.

The patronage of this school is encouraging. The register shows that seventy-five have matriculated, and that the average attendance was fifty-five for the last session.

Messrs. Editors, you may safely commend this school to your numerous readers in the city and country, as every way worthy of their patronage. The location is eligible in every respect. It is only four hours distant from your city, and is in the midst of a healthy, moral and industrious community, and remote from all scenes of dissipation. The price of board and tuition is much cheaper than in the city, or in any other school known to the writer. There is a gymnasium, too, connected with the school, so that the muscle, as well as the mind, can be educated. The pupils can have the privilege of attending worship every Sabbath in the village, one mile distant.

The medals were awarded as follows: Mr. John A. Crofford won the golden medal; two won the silver medal, being alike excellent—Mr. J. Polk Chambers, of Saulsbury, and Willis H. Dickerson, of Coahoma county, Miss. The names of several others were announced as deserving honorable mention, but these names are omitted. The whole scene was wound up by tableaux vivants on Friday night, which was a complete success. G.

MORE LIGHT.—For several nights past every Memphian whom business or pleasure has caused to be out after the setting of the moon, has had occasion to complain of the absence of gas light on our streets. This state of affairs was caused by a slight misunderstanding between the clerk of the weather and the "Almanac man." The almanac prophesied fair weather and moonlight, and the clerk of the weather, with his proverbial fickleness and "contrariety," determined it should be cloudy. The gas men, unfortunately for Memphis, have a sort of contract (which the sooner it is broken the better for us), that when the almanac says *moonlight* there is to be no gas furnished. This condition of affairs, with a regularly organized band of thugs among us, and when men are waylaid and robbed night after night on our high streets, is shameful. It is a matter in which all are more or less directly or indirectly interested, and some movement should be taken immediately by our citizens in the premises.

GRAND LUNCH on Wednesday morning, July 1st, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the well-known saloon of H. Himstedt, No. 35 South Court street. He has refitted his place to enable him to accommodate his friends and customers at reduced prices. All drinks fifteen cents—beer five cents. Lunch every morning at 10 a.m.
H. HIMSTEDT,
Proprietor.

THE Louisville *Democrat* has the following:

Detective Ryan, of Nashville, is looking around our city for something.

Detective Ryan *might* look around a good while before he found that "something" if this is the way he goes to work at hunting "something" up.

FOR THE CITY POOR.—A home dispensary is now open at No. 141 Main street, second floor, Dr. Wilson in charge. He does not propose visiting the poor, professionally, at their homes, but is prepared to make and fill his own prescriptions at the dispensary without money and without price, for those of the indigent, both white and colored, who may from time to time desire his professional services. Office hours for the poor, from 7½ to 9 a.m., and from 1 to 2 p.m. The remainder of his time he will attend to his own private practice.

SAD ACCIDENT.

Yesterday morning as a butcher was driving a cow along Main street, the animal escaped and ran into the alley between the Greenlaw Opera House and Malatesta's bar-room, the "Court Recess." Mr. Malatesta's little girl, a child about two years old, was playing in the yard, and the infuriated animal made at her and commenced goring her. One of the horns entered the child's mouth and lacerated its jaw in a most terrible manner before the animal could be driven off. The wound, although a very serious one, is not considered fatal, and we sincerely hope, for the sake of the parents and the little sufferer, that it may not prove one which will disfigure the child through life.

POLICE ITEMS.

—Maria Schafer got out a warrant for John Schafer, her husband, who threatened to kill her, or do her some grievous bodily harm. The 'Squire bound the whole Schafer family over to keep the peace in the sum of $500, for six months.

—Thos. A. Dodson lost a mule some time ago, and came to the city to find it. He employed a detective, who arrested one Alexander Collins, but who, on examination before 'Squire Griffith, proved innocent of the charge.

—Wm. Wrenn, who some months ago killed Mr. Glenn, in Arkansas, under the most atrocious circumstances, was arrested some days ago. No order or requisition having been signed by the Governor of Arkansas for him, he is still held until such requisition is made.

—Susan Ford and Anna Lynch had another set-to yesterday, but were let off by the 'Squire with only a reprimand.

—The Police yesterday recovered about $200 worth of the goods and chattels of the bar that was robbed some time since on Barnam street, between Linden and Lauderdale.

—The following order has been issued to the police of both districts:

SPECIAL ORDER. June 29, 1868.

Hereafter no prisoner will be delivered to any Deputy Constable. When a prisoner is delivered to any lawful officer, a receipt must be taken and filed, and a record kept of the name of the officer and the disposition of the case.

By order, A. P. BURDITT,
Acting Sup't. M. P.

—Before Justice Black, Fannie Pean and Minnie Brown each swore out peace warrants against the other. The 'Squire, being of an obliging turn of mind, listened to both, and then fined each ten dollars and costs.

—Last night while the great robbery of jewelry was going on, and the attention of the police taken away, a buggy, hitched to a post on the corner of Linden and Beale streets, was stolen. No clue as yet to the thieves.

—There were ten arrests up to eight o'clock at Causey station yesterday.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—This body, pursuant to the call of T. A. Nelson, Esq., will convene to-day. In our editorial columns will be found a full and clear resume of the important points of the call, and we most earnestly urge upon the merchants and business men of our city the vital importance of this meeting. The question now is simply "to be or not to be," and it is for our merchants to decide. It is to be hoped that our citizens have the interests of the city sufficiently at heart to attend the call to-day, in full numbers. If it is to be a funeral, even, let it be respectable in point of numbers.

PERSONAL.

—We had the pleasure of meeting yesterday Major James Sparks, formerly of the Pine Bluff *Dispatch*, and now editor and proprietor of the Fort Smith *Herald*,—a new paper enjoying a good circulation, and which our merchants would do well to advertise in.

—Col. McClanahan, brother of Col. McClanahan, formerly of the APPEAL, was in town yesterday.

Florence Synodical Female College.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Knowing that you cherish a lively interest in whatever advances the prosperity and well being of "the land we love," and that you regard education as most conducive to these ends, and believing that it will please and possibly benefit many of your readers to be informed on the subject, I venture to communicate the impressions made on my mind while in attendance at a recent examination of the pupils in the Female College at Florence, Ala., under care of the Synod of Memphis. This institution is under the presidency of Rev. W. H. Mitchell, D. D., in whom is found the highest grade of those qualifications which make the successful and able teacher—eminent scholarship, happy address, courtly manners and commanding presence, sustained by a high-toned Christian character. It is situated in the beautiful and healthy town of Florence, a place long noted for the wealth, refinement and public spirit of its population, and has all the necessary outfits and appliances for the comfortable accommodation and thorough instruction of pupils—a well managed boarding department, competent and faithful tutors, a library, musical instruments, and apparatus, philosophical and chemical. Notwithstanding the really hard times, it is in a flourishing condition, and a more cheering exhibition of youth, beauty, intellect and promise than the four days examination presented, can scarcely be desired. In short, it is a school where those who have daughters to educate may safely place them, to receive all that cultivation of mind, morals and manners which make the lady, the companion and the Christian, after the taste, fashion and finish of a Southern woman.

Thus much I deem it proper to say, in commendation of this truly excellent and worthy institution, but mainly as introductory to the view of education suggested by its exhibition. There were talent and acquirement, expression and delivery, that justly elicited the admiration and applause of the large, intelligent and very genteel assembly in attendance. But that which, to me, peculiarly marked the exercises, was the effervescence of a spirit, as I may call it, of patriotic sentiment—a breathing of appreciation and affection for Southern historic name and deed—from these virgin flowers, fragrant with odors of love for country and home. Compositions were read on such subjects as these: "Our country—Past, Present and Future;" "Our Fallen Brave;" "Dearly should we Cherish the Past;" "Our Country;" which spoke the utterances of cherished memories and attachments, honorable alike to the head and heart of a Southern woman. This, however, was not done in rebellious tone or vindictive aspersion.

I close with an earnest invocation to *my countrymen* to foster and patronize our own Southern Schools, and such female high schools as "the Memphis Synodical Female College," at Florence, Ala.
L. B. GASTON,
By appointment of Synod, Visitor.
Corinth, Miss., June 24, 1868.

Messrs. W. B. Wiggs & Co., Memphis:

Gentlemen: You will please send us one-quarter gross of your Buckeye Salve. The last lot we purchased of you has all been disposed of. It gives satisfaction to our customers and sells well with us.
Very truly, TAYLOR & CO.,
Druggists, 176 Poplar street.

THE COURTS.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—In the case of the State vs. John Cosgrove, murder, the hearing of testimony closed last evening. The argument of counsel will be heard to-day, and a verdict probably rendered by the jury. The testimony in the case has been quite conflicting, one of the prosecuting witnesses, Maj. Moody, testifying positively that he saw Cosgrove fire the shot that killed officer Clarey. Several witnesses for the defense swore positively that Cosgrove was in the Cotton Plant saloon when the shooting took place in the street. How the jury will be able to reconcile the conflicting elements in the evidence remains to be seen. At the conclusion of the above case the other cases set for the week will be taken up and disposed of in their regular order.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

1724 The State vs Johnson.
1783 to 1784 Same vs Chas Small.
1786 Same vs L. Rosco.
1119 Same vs H. McDonough.
1624 to 1639 Same vs J. Wetter.
1598 Same vs W. Johnson.

The Grand Jury returned into court some thirty bills of indictment against S. B. Beaumont, Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, for violations of law, and are still returning others into court against him. A number of bills have also been found against A. P. Burdett, Police Commissioner, and several against P. S. Simonds, Captain, and J. R. Brown, Sergeant of the force, all for violations of law. The Grand Jury seems to be acting upon the charge given to them by Judge Waldran some time since. The argument in the case of the State vs. Hudgens, indictment for passing toll gate at Nonconnah without paying toll, closed last evening. A verdict was probably returned at a late hour.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—In the case of Briggs & Peterson vs. Owners of Steamer Natoma, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs. Yesterday being the last day of grace given Wm. McLean to perfect his bond of $75,000 as State and County Tax Collector, Wm. Elliott qualified as one of his securities for $35,000, and M. Larkin for $15,000, and John D. Elliott for $25,000, making the full amount of $75,000. The above is in addition to his bond already given before the County Commissioners for $125,000. Mr. W. P. Dickinson was sworn in and admitted as an attorney of this court. The cases set for trial to-day are from No. 284 to No. 320, inclusive, being the same calendar of cases set for trial yesterday. Just before the adjournment of Court, E. W. Wickersham, County Trustee, appeared to perfect his bond of $50,000, and gave the following named person as his security: P. T. Hughes, $40,000. W. F. Swanwick was not accepted on yesterday. To-day the bond will have to be perfected.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The orders and decrees entered on yesterday were as follows:

Barnids vs Swamp, order for new bond.
Graw vs Graw, exceptions sustained and reference.
Pfannenstiehl vs Lehman, injunction dissolved in part.
Slaughter vs Warner, order of continuance.
Calhoun vs Granger, order of sale.
Hawley vs Hawthorn, decree for sale.
Lincoln vs Davis, writ of possession.
Meath vs Meath, reference.
Carnes vs Carnes, confirmation of sale stayed.
Stillman vs Stillman, decree and judgment sustained.
Jones vs Cole, commissioner to sell.

Court stands adjourned until Tuesday next, July 7, 1868. The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Watson vs. McKinney. The jury in the case of Ross vs. Ross, divorce, not being able to agree as to the facts, were discharged until Tuesday next.

MISS HOLSTEAD'S BENEFIT.—This young lady, whose name has so frequently appeared as an assistant in "benefits" for all sorts of charitable objects, appears now before the public as a beneficiary herself. In remambrance of her past services we hope that beneficiary goers will rally strongly on Miss Holstead, and not let the affair pass off a beggarly account of empty seats and boxes.

RICE, STIX & Co. offer their Housefurnishing Goods lower than they can be bought for East, on account of removal, previous to 1st of August. je25 1w

RICE, STIX & Co.'s stock of White Goods and Hosiery is complete, and is offered at less than New York cost on account of removal, previous to 1st of August. je25 1w

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE are constantly increasing in number, and we know of no other reason than that the old "topers" have been using the "Great General Restorative," which creates a dislike for the use of liquors, and caused them to "jine." For sale by
je21tf FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.

TRIMMINGS, Buttons, Ribbons, at any price, at Rice, Stix & Co.'s closing sale. je25 1w

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5863 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

LOST.—On Friday, June 5th, a small nugget of native gold ore. It was in the shape of a leaf, and had been worn as a bosom pin. Having become detached from the pin, it was lost sometime during Friday. A reward will be paid for it if left at this office.

DON'T forget that our sale at cost for Boots and Shoes and Hats still continues at our old stand, 279 Main street.
J. T. HANDLAN & CO.

LADIES' and children's Hose and Gloves; also goods for men's wear, at any price, to run our retail stock off before the 1st of August. Rice, Stix & Co.
je25 1w

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—By a general request, a mass meeting of the Democrats of Shelby county is hereby called to assemble at the Exchange Building on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, for the purpose of preparing for the ensuing campaign and effecting a thorough organization. I am authorized to say that the Hon. Albert Pike, Col. W. T. Avery, Gen. Chalmers and other distinguished speakers will be present and address the meeting.
By order, etc., M. D. L. STEWART,
Chairman.

"MERCHANTS."—Ice cold Ale and Porter, on draught, 10 cents; Ice cold "Half and Half," 10 cents; straight and mixed drinks, 15 cents. Try it, at the "Merchants'," northeast corner Main and Madison streets.

PLEASE remember that the next thirty days are your only chance to buy bargains at closing sale of Dry Goods of Rice, Stix & Co. je25 1w

BUCK EYE SALVE,
A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.
Sold by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
jy1 301 and 303 Main street.

BUCK EYE SALVE,
A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.
Sold by CHANDLER & CO.,
jy1 246 Main street.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—The river is stationary at this point.

Capt. Donaldson, of the steamer Great Republic, was committed to jail to-day for murder in the first degree.

Arrived—Belle St. Louis, from Memphis.

There is three feet six inches on the lower rapids, and six feet in the channel of the Illinois.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30.—Arrived—Pargoud, R. E. Lee and W. R. Arthur.

LOUISVILLE, June 30.—The river is falling, with four feet six inches in the canal.

The weather is clear and very warm.

Departed—John Kilgour, for New Orleans, with a moderate trip.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—The river has risen four inches, and there is now four feet six inches in the channel.

Arrived—J. H. Groesbeck, from New Orleans. Departed—Clifton, for Memphis.

CAIRO, June 30.—Down—Marble City, for Memphis, at 6 p.m. Up—Ruth, at 8 p.m.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Yesterday was a cool, cloudy day, with occasional drops of rain. The fall in the river at this port in the past twenty-four hours was about the same as last reported. The Cumberland has but eighteen inches on the shoals. The Arkansas is unchanged since our last.

Arrivals.

Steamer Ozark, Cincinnati.
" Mollie Able, St. Louis.
" Dexter, Louisville.
" Belle Lee, New Orleans.

Departures.

Steamer Ozark, Arkansas river.
" Mollie Able, New Orleans.
" Dexter, New Orleans.
" Commercial, White river.
" Belle Lee, Louisville.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.

In Port.

Gleaner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The local packets went out to-day with good trips. The Commercial had a splendid freight, and her cabin full of people, while the Hambleton also had a large passenger trip.

The elegant low pressure Richmond, Capt. J. Stut Neal, will pass down for New Orleans to-day, making all way landings.

The Celeste, Capt. Pritchard, leaves to-day for Cincinnati, where she goes on the ways to repair for the fall trade in the Arkansas.

The marine ways at Mobile, which were destroyed by the Federals during the war, have been rebuilt by Dr. Sam Wolff, and are now in operation. The steamers Rio Grande, Osceola, Clara, and barge Ingomar, are now upon them undergoing repairs.

The Darling will load at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

Several boats are aground below Pittsburg. Glass House bids fair to be very troublesome this season.

The large steamers are about to quit running in the Ohio—cause, no water.

The Richmond had to anchor below the Portland ferry landing.

It will be seen that Capt. John Elliott contemplates making pleasure trips on the 4th of July, with the elegant steamer Des Arc. A fine time may be expected.

Capt. John Ford and the Nettle Jones leave to-day with another tow of coal for White river.

Messrs. Bigley, Mellersh & Co., received only a few days ago 180,000 bushels of coal, and yesterday Brown & Jones received 80,000 bushels by the towboat Collier, which latter departed immediately for another larger tow.

The fine United States mail packet Gleaner, Capt. Blaisdell, with Garrett Huls and Sam Wood in the office, leaves to-morrow for Little Rock and all way points.

The Mollie Able passed down yesterday with a splendid trip. The Dexter also had a good freight.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, leaves on Thursday for Cairo and St. Louis. She will be in port this evening.

The Press reporter at St. Louis, as well as the one at Cairo, must have been on a bender on Monday. They delayed their dispatches to such a late hour that they were not received here until yesterday. An evening contemporary, not wanting to be considered behind the times, redated them, and had the Mollie Able leaving Cairo some eight hours after she passed this point on her way down.

The towboat Shark passed up yesterday. She had 500 barrels coal tar for this point, and a lot of cattle for Cairo.

Capt. Tom Newell left on the Commercial last evening to bring out the J. D. Perry.

A thief "went through" the passengers of the Mollie Able just before she reached this port, relieving several of watches, money, etc.

Capt. W. L. Trask, who has been absent on a trip to St. Paul, is again at home—having had, as he assures us, a splendid time.

Fifteen cents was the fare from Albany to New York by steamer Friday—the result of a lively competition.

A number of the friends of the negro killed by Capt. Donaldson have threatened to burn the Great Republic. She was taken to East St. Louis, and several special watchmen are now on board of her.

R. E. Neal, of the Indiana, is a delegate to the New York Convention. Capt. Holcroft assumes command of the boat.

Passenger travel on the Mississippi is good this season, both up and down stream. Packets have more than average trips compared with last season.

The following is a record of the quick trips made from New Orleans to Louisville since 1817:

	Year.	Days.	Hours.	Min.
Enterprise	1817	25	2	00
Washington	1817	25	0	00
Shelby	1819	20	4	30
Paragon	1828	18	10	00
Tecumseh	1834	8	4	00
Tuscarora	1837	7	16	00
Sultana	1837	6	15	00
Express	1837	6	17	00
Gen. Brown	1840	6	22	00
Ed. Shippen	1842	5	14	00
Duke of Orleans	1844	5	23	00
Sultana	1849	5	12	00
Bostona	1851	5	8	00
Belle Key	1852	4	20	00
Reindeer	1853	4	19	45
A. L. Shotwell	1853	4	9	24
Eclipse	1853	4	9	31
Dexter	1867	4	32	40

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Butcher's Lightning Fly-Killer.—Cheap and destructive. Every sheet will kill a quart. Don't be pestered with flies. Give them the SHEET LIGHTNING and rest in peace. Ask for DUTCHER'S, and take no other.
Sold everywhere. je14 dawlm

Early Marriages.—Dr. Franklin advocated Early Marriages. Essays for Young Men, on this and other subjects, being a GUIDE TO MARRIAGE and Conjugal Felicity, by benevolent Physicians, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.
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Dr. Mortimore at Buena Vista Springs, Russellville, Kentucky.

BUENA VISTA SPRINGS, RUSSELLVILLE, Logan county, Ky.—My friends in the South who desire to consult or place themselves under my

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

MASONIC DIRECTORY 1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 226. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Meilersh, Sec'y. W. M.; S. K. Pullen, 32d.. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

URIKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 *Front Street.*

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry F. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.·.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.·.

MITRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CARIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; — Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry F. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Clrode, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d, Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge O. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. Geo. Mellersh, C. P.; Thomas Bacon, scribe. je4

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B. C. BROWN. O. P. LYLES

BROWN & LYLES,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE—Corner Main and Madison Streets, Over Commercial Bank.

☞ Entrance on Madison Street. je6 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,

Attorney at Law

—AND—

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,

Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,

16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. ma24

JOHN HALLUM, J. R. CHALMERS, T. B. TURLEY

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WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mhs tf

Architect and Engineer.

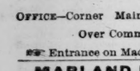
THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patron's interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. McCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

UNDERTAKERS.

OWEN SMITH,



FUNERAL UNDERTAKER. COFFINS AND Shrouds of all descriptions constantly on hand. Orders for Funerals promptly attended to at all Cemeteries No. 368 Second street, corner of Gayoso, Memphis, Tenn. First private carriage furnished for family use. je12 1m

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

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GENERAL

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EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

DR. JAMES,

FORMERLY OF JAMES' LOCK HOSPITAL, Canon de Jardine street, New Orleans, (established 1850), for the last seven years located in Chicago, and celebrated throughout the country in the successful treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, can be confidentially consulted at his office and parlors, 91 and 93 Randolph street, corner of Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. Postoffice Drawer 5883.

DR. JAMES treats CHRONIC MERCURIAL SYPHILITIC, BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS of a CONTAGIOUS VENEREAL CHARACTER—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide potash, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEUTRALIZER, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, the result of self-abuse of organs, early indiscretions, excesses, or entailed hereditarily, causing loss of memory, confusion, dimness of vision and often times insanity, with a deplorable train of other symptoms, treated and radically cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs, of a private character, radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small watery blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs and body, scrofula, together with an endless number of sufferings—effectually and permanently cured.

DR. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by professors of medical colleges, and by the medical profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him, and be cured at once.

THE MONITOR, by Dr. James, a treatise upon diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of both sexes, causes, effects and their remedies, compiled from an experience of twenty years' practice in the exclusive treatment of these diseases, sent to any address, securely wrapped. Price one dollar. Pamphlet on SPERMATORRHEA, or one on SEXUAL DEBILITY, sent in sealed envelope upon receipt of postage—two red stamps. Address Dr. JAMES, Postoffice drawer 5883, Chicago, Illinois. apr 17

Internal Revenue Taxes.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 8TH DIST. TENN.,
MEMPHIS, June 3, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual List of Taxes on Income Business or Professions, Carriages, Watches, etc., etc., for this District has been returned to me by the Assessor, and all persons are notified that said Taxes are now due and payable.

Payments in this city and county must be made before the 1st day of July, at my office, or additional costs and penalties will accrue.

ROLLER. SAUNDERS, Collector.

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,

AND OTHERS

CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs,

Flour and Meal,

Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits,

Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers.

Hemp, Provisions,

Oil, Lard, Tallow

Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum,

Molasses, Etc., Etc.,

—TO—

JOSIAH CARPENTER,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

442 Washington Street,

NEW YORK CITY,

And receive his weekly PRICE CURRENT of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

SEND FOR A PRICE CURRENT

Marking Plates and Cards Furnished Free

Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

ESTABLISHED MAY 1, 1860

First Class References Given when Required.

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THE

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well Known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior Instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving a compression with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to

Siberia Ott,
783 Broadway, New York.

se5 daw10m

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the utmost improvement at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sop6 d&wly

REEVES' AMBROSIA

FOR THE HAIR,

Improved!

It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.

It causes the Hair to Curl beautifully.

It keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy.

It invigrates the Roots of the Hair.

It forces the Hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly.

It immediately stops Hair Falling Out.

It keeps the Hair from Changing Color from Age

It restores Gray Hair to its Original Color.

It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.

It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.

It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.

It is sold in half-pound bottles (the name blown in the glass), by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle.

Wholesale by Demas Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co., New York.

mh14 1y

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 109 Maiden Lane, near Pearl St.,

se5 daw10m NEW YORK.

EDUCATIONAL.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE

(SIX MILES SOUTH OF FRANKFORT).

Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintend't.

Assisted by an Able Faculty.

THE 23d Academical year of this Institute will begin on Monday, September 7, 1868.

TERMS—Three hundred and fifty dollars ($350) per Academical year of two weeks.

Refer to Messrs. Parker Ward & Co., Memphis, Tenn., from whom Cadets may be had.

For special information, address Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent, Farmdale, Franklin county, Ky. je12 daw3m

A Leading School, Nashville, Tenn.

W. E. WARD'S SEMINARY for Young Ladies has maintained, for three years, a front rank among Literary Institutions. It is now believed to be the LEADING SCHOOL in the South in point of numbers and general facilities for both thorough and ornamental education.

The Boarding equals any private table. The Building is magnificent. The Music, French, Classic and English Departments unsurpassed.

The next session will open Sept. 3d, 1868. Catalogue, with full particulars, sent on application.

W. E. WARD, Principal,
Nashville Tenn.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE

ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES!

NUMBER OF PRIZES, FIVE HUNDRED

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on July 1st

—AT—

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

First Prize.

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis, Mo.; Lot 57 feet front by 127 deep, has four stories, sixty fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $16,000 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$280,000

Second Prize.

An elegant Three-story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables, outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$80,000

Third Prize.

A handsome Three-story Brick Residence, No. 1515 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Mo., containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 21½ by 109½ feet deep,

VALUED AT.....$18,600

Fourth Prize.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two-story brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 135 feet front on High street by 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

Six More Prizes.

Consisting of fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated Nos. 728 South Eight street, 730 South Eight street, 1427 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 Prizes

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watches and Diamond Jewelers, No. 106 South Fifth street, under the Souteern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant solid Silver Service, worth $1500; Solid Silver Goblets, Plated Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,600

120 Prizes

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various paterns ranging in prices from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 Prizes in Cash.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 Prizes of Fine Pianos

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $450 to $650 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the Company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $20 to $780,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Missouri.

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to-wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time, so that the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission:

Anil, Pollard & Renick, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex Mayor of St. Louis.
Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' Savings Association.
Edward S. Plummer, Memphis, Tenn.
Bontuen's Savings Institution, St. Louis, Mo.
John H. Andrews, ex-Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Lavelle, Waner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Jules Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Erastus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, St. Louis.
Hon. William Taussig.
Charles F. Meyer.
A. Krieckhaus, President City Council.
Joseph Degendorf, City Comptroller.
G. W. Dreyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of ten dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 416, Walnut street, and of the following agents: Alex. Kelsey proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 111 North Fourth street; Planters' House Saloon; Boogher Brothers, Jewelers, 106 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; C. M. Caswell, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Torrey's Bookstore, 19 North Fourth street, opposite the Court House; W. H. Tilford, Photographic Goods, 17 North Fourth street; B. D. Adams, Southern Hotel Saloon; J. H. Cook, News Stand, Southern Hotel; M. B Syford, News Stand, St. Nicholas Hotel; G. B. Wintle, Bookstore, 616 Washington avenue.

☞ All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,

No. 416 Walnut Street,

Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

☞ TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF

E. L. PLUMMER,

No. 212 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.,

And by **H. A. LITTLETON,**
W. H. PASSMORE,

jel1

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

From the Galveston Daily News.]

THE NEW-TIME.

BY MISS MOLLIE E. MOORE.

The heart of the Old-Time falleth,
(Ah, the old, imperial Time!)
Falls like a strong wind spent, yea falls
Like the heart of a dying chime!

Ah, but her reign was splendor!
With its grandly royal sights!
Its waving flags and its keen, straight words
And its press of plumed knights.

Her palace walls are written
With the names of vanquish'd gods,
And the blood of defeated tyrannies
Is red on her scourging-rods!

She dies with her sword unsheath'd,
Let her lie in the tomb of kings,
With the conquer'd knights and the folded flags,
And the old, memorial things!

The heart of the Old-Time falleth,
But the New-Time entereth,
Serene and fair, and the words go down
And the striving hosts take breath!

The Old-Time goes like a sunset,
With imperial splendor on;
But the New-Time comes like the Holy Child,
Bearing nor sword nor crown!

Th voice of the Old-Time sounded
Like a trumpet-call to arms!
But the voice of the New-Time trilleth out
Over the world's alarms.

Like the "*Mary*" of the Angel
Unto the Mother of God!
She hath love in her hand like a sun, her feet
With hope and with gladness shod!

Oh, Poets, who sung in the Old-Time,
With prophecies of this,
Sweep over your harps with a golden rhyme
And a song of millennial bliss!

For the heart of the Old-Time falleth,
But the New-Time waxeth strong!
The strong wind pants into nothingness,
But the light breeze bloweth long!

BY TELEGRAPH.

Noon Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Senator Thayer's bill to regulate and fix the military establishment of the United States, amends the act to increase and fill the military establishment of the United States by repealing section 13, which fixes the number of captains in the quartermaster's department at thirty, and the number of majors at fifteen, and prohibits the filling of vacancies until the number of such officers is so reduced.

JACKSON, June 30.—The second day of the election closed here with a Radical majority of 616 in this county. The registered colored majority in Hinds county is 1700. The election will not close throughout the State for several days. Full returns have been received from but few counties. Some of the Radical wards, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 21½ by 109½ feet deep,

VALUED AT.....$18,600

Fourth Prize.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two-story brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 135 feet front on High street by 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

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Six More Prizes.

Consisting of fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated Nos. 728 South Eight street, 730 South Eight street, 1427 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

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ALL VALUED AT.....$15,600

120 Prizes

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various paterns ranging in prices from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 Prizes in Cash.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 Prizes of Fine Pianos

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Edward S. Plummer, Memphis, Tenn.
Bontuen's Savings Institution, St. Louis, Mo.
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J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

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E. L. PLUMMER,

No. 212 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.,

And by **H. A. LITTLETON,**
W. H. PASSMORE,

jel1

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY PPEAL,
MEMPHIS, June 30, 1868.

Five hundred millions of legal money is idle in London, Paris and New York, and yet, says an exchange, commerce, industry and speculation is overshadowed with a gloom which "cheap money" fails to dissipate. Capitalists and money lenders are demoralized by the gigantic failures of the last two years, here and in Europe. Overend, Gurney & Co., in London, the Credit Mobilier, in Paris, and the hurricane of the crisis of 1866 in London, paralleled by the failure of first-class merchants here, keep alive the existing distrust in financial circles. The commercial "panic and crisis" of former years are supplanted by the "dry rot," which affects the unsound branches of commerce at intervals. The continuous decline in prices of merchandise and produce, since the war ended, have inflicted such losses that failures were inevitable. The cheap money markets have enabled insolvent firms to continue their business until the future looked so hopeless, even to themselves, that they ceased voluntarily to borrow more, and in most cases, to the astonishment of the community, when they stopped payment. Since June 1st, a first-class Cuban firm in New York has succumbed to this "dry rot" with money at 2 to 3 per cent. per annum. The Credit Mobilier, of Paris, failed on a 2 per cent. money market. The "dry rot" has run its course among the dry goods and produce dealers, Western grain speculators, China and East India merchants. Prices have declined enormously in all these branches of trade, the last three years. While prices generally have been declining, Wall street speculators have been running up the market quotations for certain railway shares to figures which look unnaturally high in the popular mind, so that the outside public may be said to have literally deserted.

Gold opened in New York at 140¼c and closed at 140¾c. We quote at 138 to 139c buying; selling at 139¼ to 140c.

In our local money market, currency is comparatively plentiful, but there will be nothing doing in the way of discounting for some days to come. Exchange is abundant—fully equal to the demand—and rates remain unchanged.

City Scrip is steady, but transactions are light. Brokers offer 75c and ask 80c, though some would sell at 1c or may be 2c less for a large lot, in order to turn it into currency. Small amounts, however, are firm at 80c.

County Warrants dull at 60c buying; selling at 63 to 65c, as to size. There is no demand, except for immediate use.

Police Scrip, 74 to 75c buying; selling at 80c.

New Tennessee bonds declined in New York from 74¾c yesterday and 72¾c this morning to 68¼c, at which they closed today.

We could learn of no transactions in stocks or bonds during the day, though the inquiry for desirable securities is unabated. A sale of $5000 in city bonds occurred yesterday, at 54¾c, which was under our quotations. We quote nominally as follows: Mississippi and Tennessee 1st mortgage bonds, 50c; 2d do, 32 to 33c. Mississippi Central, 1st mortgage, 57 to 58c; 2d do, 40 to 41c. Memphis and Ohio stock, 10c; 1st mortgage 10s, 30c; 2d do 6s, 20c. Memphis and Charleston Railroad stock, 55c. Memphis and Little Rock, 42 to 44c. Navy-yard, 52c.

It affords us pleasure to give place to the following communication, correcting what we published yesterday as a *rumor*:

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 30, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Permit me to call your attention to the following extract from your financial report of to-day, in regard to the suspension of the Merchants' National Bank:

"Of the causes which led to the suspension, there are many assigned, but it is believed that it was urged by parties opposed to Mr. A. T. Lacey, Vice-President of the bank, and who has been a prominent candidate at Washington for appointment to the vacant New Orleans Collectorship. It is said that Col. Bridgeland, a gentleman well-known here—an ex-New York banker and brother-in-law of the President of the First National Bank, of this city—is also a candidate for that position; and it is intimated that if the account of Mr. Lacey with his own bank can be shown to be largely overdrawn, that it will ruin his prospects and further those of his opponent. These are only a few of the rumors afloat."

Presuming that you do not intend to misrepresent matters, allow me to correct you regarding the above extract. Col. Bridgeland was the friend of Capt. Lacey, during the latter gentleman's stay in Washington, where he was an applicant for the position of Collector of Internal Revenue at New Orleans, and, I am sure, assisted that gentleman no little in securing his confirmation by the Senate. Col. Bridgeland was not an applicant for the Collectorship at New Orleans, but was a candidate for the very important position of Commissioner of Internal Revenue. I am certain that these gentlemen were the best of friends and that the most perfect harmony existed between them. Having but a short time ago returned from Washington, where I was in daily contact with these gentlemen, I feel it my duty to set them right in the mater.

Respectfully, yours, JOHN C. PARKER.

It is to be hoped that the attendance at the Chamber of Commerce to-day will be large.

Cotton in Liverpool at the opening today was quiet—Uplands, 11½d; Orleans, 11½d. At noon it was easier, but prices were nominally unchanged, and remained the same to the close; sales 8000 bales. Shipments from Bombay to the 24th and since last report, 68,000 bales.

In New York at the opening the market was quiet but steady—Uplands, 31½c; and remained so until the close. Sales 1000 bales.

Our market was quiet throughout. The same offer of 24c was refused for 25 bales of Ordinary to Good Ordinary which we reported yesterday. Holders stand on 30c for Middlings, but no buyers.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, June 30, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received to-day	4	
Received previously	252,844	252,848
		253,928
Exported to-day	447	
Exported previously	253,481	253,481
Stock on hand		447
Receipts for month		521
Exports " "		738

Wheat is in good demand by millers and shippers, with light receipts; 60 sacks No. 2 sold to-day at $1 80; 24 sacks do at $1 75; 35 do $1 82½. A small lot of No. 1 sold at $2 00. A lot of badly shrunken inferior was sold at $1 40. Mess Pork, $29 00 to $29 50. Prime Mess $26 00 to 26 50. Jowls scarce at $10 00 to 10 00. Rump, $25 00 to 26 00. Clear Bacon Sides, 17¼ to 17½c; Clear Rib, 17c; Rib, 16½c; Shoulders, 13½ to 14c; country cut meats about ½c lower; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 18 to 19; plain smoked, 17 to 18c; Sugar Cured Canvassed, 20 to 21c. Lard is steady at 18½ to 19c in tierces; kegs, 19½ to 20c. Corn is dull; we quote on levee at 90 to 92c; from store, 97c to $1 00. Oats in small way, 77 to 78c; on landing at 75c. Bran, dull at $27 in lots and $30 from store. Hay dull; selling at $16 to 17 on levee by the ton. Cornmeal steady; fresh sells at $4 25 to 4 50 from levee and store; kilndried, $4 50 to 4 75. Old chickens, $4 to 4 75; young, $3 to 4. Eggs, firm at 18 to 19c. Flour, quiet and weak; Superfine, $7 50 to 8 50; X, $9 00 to 9 50; XX, $10 to 11; XXX, $12 to 13; Fancy Brands, $14 00 to 14 50. New Potatoes are in good demand at 75c to $1 per bushel and $2 to 2 50 per barrel. Butter is in fair demand at 25 to 30c for choice country and Western. Cheese dull—prices range from 13½ to 17c for good. Coffee is quiet, with fair stock; Rio, 21 to 26½c; Java, 38 to 42c. Molasses firm; Sugarhouse, in barrels, 65c to 90c; half barrels, 80c to $1 00; kegs, $10 to 10 50. New Onions, quiet at $5 to 6 per barrel. Salt steady; barrels, $3 00; sacks, $2 75 to 3; Dairy Salt per barrel, $4 00. Tar in kegs per dozen, $6 to 6 50. Sugar firm; prime to choice Louisiana, 16 to 18s; fair, 14 to 15c; Island Sugars, 13 to 16c. Tobacco—lugs to common, 5 to 12c; selections, 18 to 20c; fancy work natural leaf, $1 00 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1 to $1 25; medium, 80c to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1 to $1 25; common, 35c to 75c. Whisky is dull at $1 60 to $2 25 for common.

The stock market is dull. Choice beeves range from 6 to 8c gross; inferior, 3 to 5c. Hogs, dull at 4½ to 5c. There is no demand for sheep; $1 50 to 2 50 per head would be the best figure obtainable.

Appeal Job Office.

Catalogues,
Catalogues,

Constitutions,
Constitutions,

By-Laws,
By-Laws,

Pamphlets,
Pamphlets,

—AND—

Books of all Kinds,
Books of all Kinds,

PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE AT LOW PRICES

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE

RECEIVER'S SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE PROPERTY

NOTICE is hereby given that as Receiver, appointed by the Circuit Court of Crittenden county, Arkansas, in the case of John H. Waggener vs. O. P. Lyles, Trustee et als., I will sell to the highest bidder, at MOUND CITY, ARKANSAS, on

Thursday, the 9th Day of July, 1868,

—THE—

STEAMBOAT PEOSTA,

With all her Machinery, Tackle, Furniture, etc.

TERMS—One thousand dollars cash, balance on credit of six and twelve months. Notes with approved security to be given, and a lien to be retained on the boat.

And at the same time and place, I will let, to the highest bidder, for the term of twelve months, the

Mound City Ferry Privilege,

Or right to run a ferryboat to Mound City, Arkansas.

TERMS—Rent to be paid monthly. Security for the same will be given and approved by the county, and to declare the lease forfeited for nonpayment to be reserved.

I will also offer for sale, at the same time, at the door of the Courthouse of said county, to the highest bidder, for CASH, between the hours prescribed by law, all the right, title and interest of the defendant, John R. Woodburn, in and to the following described lands, to-wit: The southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter of section eighteen, and the northwest quarter of section twenty-one, in township seventeen, range nine west, in said county of Washington and State of Mississippi. E. J. COMSTOCK,

je2 daw s td Commissioner.

RUSSELL'S

Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1850, has recently located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. Dr. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS, the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of Semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

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